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Transient Advertising.
TEN CENTS A LINE FOR EACH INSERTION.
Ordinary head of City Items, per line.....20 cts.
Display of advertisements charged at the above rates in proportion to the amount of space occupied.
Address, THE COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

☞ Gold Closed, in New York Last Evening at 1211

The Daily Commercial

CITY ITEMS.

At Barker & Co's, 59 Market st.,
The very best yards, 36 yard wide shirting, long cloth, 36c; the regular yard wide shirting at 18½c; table linens 62½c, and other goods cheap in proportion.

Medicines.
Rimail De Paris, Lubin's Florilina, Humphrey's Homœopathic medicines, Bell's pure Rye Whisky, fresh Citrate Magnesia, Blue Lick Water, ice cold and Sparkling Soda Water, at Fahnes drug store, Fifth street.

The Silk Trade.
A silk dress has much a necessity of life with the ladies as is any article of a panel; and the keeping of a large stock of them, owing to the expensiveness of silk, in comparison with other goods is, what few merchants have the nerve to do, even in the largest cities. We were induced to these reflections by a personal inspection of the stock of the Messrs. Barker & Co., 59 Market street, where at the present time one will be sure to be more than satisfied by any of the largest eastern establishments. We may, perhaps, find in some of these greater numbers of pieces of one kind, but we really doubt that if greater variety can be found anywhere. Everything, it seems to us, that can be wanted can be found there, and at prices cheaper than ever before—that is for the last four years—and very near those of the good old days of cheap goods. To any of our lady friends wanting silks, we say, don't wait for goods to be cheaper or you will be disappointed, and perhaps, loose the choicest styles.

Loretta Hotel for Rent.
By reference to another column it will be observed that the celebrated Loretta Hotel is offered for rent. This establishment is situated in one of the healthiest localities in the country, and is admirably adapted for a summer resort. Splendid fishing and hunting ground surrounds the place, and the famous Loretta Springs are situated only one mile distant. The establishment is contiguous to Cresson Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and is accessable to that place by an excellent plankroad. A splendid view of the surrounding country for ten miles around is afforded. The hotel is in excellent order, and is calculated to accommodate one hundred and twenty-five guests. It is rarely that such a good opportunity to secure a well-known and favorite summer resort is offered, and we are satisfied that it will not long remain in the market.

Bishop Stevens and the Division of the Diocese.
This eminent divine has recovered from his recent sudden illness, which was the result of a severe cold, and has returned to his home in Philadelphia. It seems that the Bishop's illness has produced the impression that the labors of the Diocese are too great for the strength of one man. We are assured that the correctness of such a conclusion is by no means obvious to those who think the proposed division unnecessary and unwise, and who do not want to sever their existing ecclesiastical relations with Bishops Potter and Stevens. An able report on the subject of division, which covered the whole ground, was accepted by the Convention in Pittsburgh last year, concluded as follows: "It appears to your committee that there are not beyond the Alleghenies the number and condition of presbyters and parishes required by the constitution, nor unanimity of feeling and opinion touching the desirableness of separation. They regard the division which has heretofore been proposed and agitated, as impracticable, and they therefore respectfully ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject."

Stephens, Breckinridge and the Specie.
Now that we have the head of the rebellion we are interested in the fate of some of the collaterals that do not seem to be included in the haul made by Gen. Wilson's men. Breckinridge started with Davis from Richmond at the beginning of the flight, announcing his determination to adhere to the Chief of the Traitors—a determination that he would undoubtedly stick to just as long as he should feel more secure under the aegis of J. D., than in any other place. We feel too a good deal of interest in the whereabouts of A. H. Stephens formerly M. C. from Georgia, and reputed one of the clearest and ablest men of the South, lately the Vice President of the Confederacy, the hopeless prospects of which, and the sufferings of whose people he detested with masterly strength and fidelity, before ever a gun was fired, or a hand raised against "the best Government the sun ever shone upon." Where is he now? We have not heard a word from him since the conference in the Hampton Roads last winter. Immediately after it became apparent that the rebels had failed in the objects to be effected in that conference, Mr. Stephens retired to his own State, and notwithstanding the boasting statements of the rebel press at the time that he had gone thither to fire the Georgian heart, he has ever since kept his lips closed in public, and remained in seclusion and quiet. He no doubt then plainly foresaw the inevitable and fast approaching downfall of the "Confederacy." The fifteen millions, more or less, of gold and silver taken as a measure of safety to the banks—what has become of it? We should very much like to hear of it. But a better account is promised soon, when we shall probably learn all about these and other matters connected with the affair. There is sufficient gratification for the present in the knowledge that the overthrow of the huge plot to destroy the nation has been fittingly consummated in the capture of the man who occupied the position of head of the infamous conspiracy.

"Perpetuating Republican Principles."
The Missouri *Democrat* speaks of a large meeting held in St. Louis on last Friday evening, composed of young men who contemplate emigrating to Mexico for the purpose of "perpetuating Republican principles!" Speeches were made in favor of maintaining the Monroe doctrine. It was urged that it is now the policy of the United States to notify the European monarch who had placed Maximilian on the throne of Mexico, that the presence of this interloper would no longer be tolerated. The violation of neutrality in regard to Mexico had been on the side of the European powers, and we had as much right to interfere in behalf of Republican institutions as they had to establish a monarchy at our doors. These young men, who contemplate going to Mexico to perpetuate Republican principles, thought the people of Missouri ought to urge the President to make a treaty with Juarez and loan him a little money. In short it was he would obtain soldiers enough to scare the French and Austrians out of the country without a fight. The *Democrat* says hundreds of young men are anxious to embark in this new enterprise, and it is expected that the first caravan of emigrants will start about the first of June.

RUPTURE BETWEEN SHERMAN AND HALLECK.

Substance of a Spicy Correspondence.

NEW YORK, May 15.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: Upon the arrival of General Sherman it is probable that a very spicy correspondence between him and Gen. Halleck will be brought to light. The original letters are not here, but the following is the substance of them:

GEN. HALLECK TO GEN. SHERMAN.—As you will be in Richmond in a few days, allow me to offer you the hospitalities of my house here, where I shall be gratified to receive you and contribute to make your sojourn here agreeable.

GEN. SHERMAN TO GEN. HALLECK.—Your proffered hospitality is respectfully declined. I had hoped to pass through Richmond without the painful necessity of meeting you. Your recent advisory dispatch to the War Department is a sufficient explanation.

GEN. HALLECK TO GEN. SHERMAN.—I regret your declining my invitation, and the unfriendly spirit manifested in your note. If you knew the feeling in Washington, and at the War Department in reference to your agreement with Johnston, you would appreciate the motive of my dispatch to which you refer. Permit me to assure you of my kind feeling toward you personally, and my high admiration for your services.

GEN. SHERMAN TO GEN. HALLECK.—I think I understand the circumstances and the men sufficiently well to appreciate the motives of your dispatch. Both you and Mr. Stanton sent me word that I was a traitor to my country. I did not know then that the authors of the warning were themselves the criminals, I had to fear.

The *New York Tribune* says that Henry S Foote, late of the rebel Congress, who was sometime since released from prison here on parole, was a few days since notified that he must either stand trial for treason or quit the country. He accepted the latter alternative and is now supposed to be in Canada.

The Pitt[sburgh] Commercial.

VOL. II. [illegible] 1865. NO. 211

OUR CHICAGO CORRESPONDENCE.

Growth of the City—The Lake Tunnel—Its Dimensions and Uses—Great Western Fair, &c., &c.

Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Commercial.
CHICAGO, May 12, 1865.

Advancing from a mere trading post, with the treaty which stipulated for the removal of the Indians not consummated until 1836 Chicago rose to the dignity of a city, with W. B. Ogden, Esq., as its first Mayor, in 1837. At so late a period as 1844 it could scarcely boast a population of 5,000 persons, but since then the city has been the representative, as the embodiment, of the American idea of progress in almost every respect, and now numbers a population estimated at 200,000, and possesses so many elements peculiarly its own, both in appearance and in fact, in its past history and its present position, that one is not now astonished at any peculiarity whatever, nor startled by the development of gigantic schemes, or the mustering of plans to carrying into effect operations which elsewhere would border on the marvelous. Partaking somewhat of this type is the really gigantic undertaking by which the citizens of Chicago have resolved to furnish themselves with an abundant supply of pure water—the construction of a tunnel deep down in the bowels of the earth, and far beneath the depths of the surging Waves of Lake Michigan—a tunnel extending in distance two miles from the shore, and then again connecting with the waters of the lake and the atmosphere above by a shaft of peculiar construction—a work of unequalled magnitude in such a connection, and a scheme that could only have originated in the minds of Western men, or be adopted for execution by a Western people.

To the General Superintendent of the work, J. O. Offerman, Esq., I am indebted for the courtesy of admission into the tunnel, and for the following facts connected therewith, which may not be uninteresting to the readers of the COMMERCIAL.

The shore shaft, through which access is gained to the tunnel is 87½ feet in depth and 9 feet in diameter, the bottom of the tunnel intersecting it at a depth of 70½ feet, and the remaining depth of the shaft serving as a water lodgment and for the collection of whatever impurities may be drawn through the tunnel, the water being pumped from this shaft into the reservoir.

In its extension under the lake there is an elevation of the tunnel four feet in the two miles, which is deemed sufficient to secure a proper current for the removal of sediments from the bottom of the tunnel, and other impurities or obstructions that would be likely to occur.

At a distance of a half mile from the shore 38 feet of earth intervene between the top of the tunnel and the bottom of the lake; at a distance of one mile, 31 feet; at one and a half miles, 25 feet, and at the terminus of the tunnel, two miles from the shore, 22 feet; from these figures and the depth of the shaft at the entrance and terminus, the depth of the lake may easily be calculated at the different points.

The Lake shaft, which will admit the water into the tunnel, will be constructed by sinking a crib, consisting of wood work and iron, filled in with solid masonry, to the bottom of the lake and there connected with the tunnel by iron cylinders, nine feet in diameter, which will be forced from the bottom of the lake to a depth of fifteen feet, from which depth, to the tunnel beneath, seven feet, the shaft will be constructed of the most substantial masonry.

Seventy-six hundred feet of the tunnel has been completed, the diameter of the interior being five feet and the masonry consisting of a nine inch two-ring brick wall with exterior coating of cement.

The earth excavated is a hard blue clay and by working the men in "relief" so as to avoid any stoppage of the work by day or night, the tunnel progresses at the rate of twelve feet per day, which will be considerably accelerated when the lake shaft has been completed, the "crib" for which is now nearly ready to be launched. This crib will be a permanent structure of hexagonal form, and when placed in position will stand several feet above the surface of the lake.

It consists of three walls, and is, in point of fact, three distinct structures, the one inside the other; the exterior dimension of the structure being ninety feet. As the crib now stands it contains fifteen water-tight compartments, which will be filled in with solid masonry after the crib has been sunk; the well of the crib or the interior is in diameter twenty-five feet, the frame work is of oak and white pine timber, securely ribbed and bolted with iron, and protected at each exterior angle by iron armor.

Among the matters of importance now ruling in the minds of the citizens of Chicago, may be mentioned the opening of the second Sanitary Fair, the proceeds of which are to be divided between the Sanitary Commission, the Christian Commission, and the establishment of a hospital or home for sick and wounded soldiers, but in what proportion has not yet been decided upon.

The buildings for the accommodation of the Fair are in course of erection, and are to be delivered by the contractors into the hands of the committee on the 20th instant, at a cost of $20,000.

The entire area of Dearborn Park has been enclosed, and its living trees thus brought in doors will add much to the beauty of the interior decorations.

The building consists of a gothic-arched central building, 253 feet in length, 154 feet in breadth, and 85 feet in height, two wings or side buildings of less ornamental character. The flag of the Union will float from the flag-staff, on six towers, each tower 65 feet in height.

In the way of amusements, all things else for the present yield sway to the "Great Sanitary," and well may Chicago be proud of her magnificent new opera house, and the inaugural season of grand opera now performing there under the management of Gran. I. H. H.

Late Richmond Items.

[From Richmond Papers of Saturday.]

The Seventeenth Army Corps, of the Army of the Tennessee, commanded by Gen. Frank P. Blair, passed through Richmond on Friday night, en route for Alexandria.

The Government having taken charge of the Danville Railroad, is now running three trains daily, each way, between Danville and Burkesville.

Richard R. Turner, warden of the Libby prison under Confederate rule, made his escape on Thursday night from the basement of that institution. It will be recollected, the *Republic* says, that upon the occupation of the city by the Federal authorities, Turner left, but returned, and was arrested and imprisoned when about taking the oath. The room in the Libby which he has since occupied, has a window communicating with Cary street, protected only by iron bars about an inch in diameter and six inches apart. It was by cutting one of these that he was enabled to make good his escape. A soldier, on duty at the Libby, suggested that the bar removed was not iron, but an imitation thereof. Though strenuous efforts have been made to recapture Turner, nothing has yet been heard from him. He was a native of one of the lower James river counties, and before the war was engaged in the management of teams employed in Richmond.

It is reported that General H. F. Lee, late of the Confederate army, is at present on his plantation, near the White House. Every house on the place having been consumed by fire, he is at present residing in a tent, and quietly engaged in the culture of his farm. A few old negroes formerly belonging to the family, and several soldiers who were attached to the General's command, are assisting in working the farm.

An old canal contractor has proposed to repair and put the Richmond and Kanawha canal in working order, as far as Lynchburg, in twenty days, provided those having charge of the Government will pay him a reasonable compensation out of the tolls that may hereafter accumulate.

It is announced that a movement is on foot to organize free schools for the poor white children of Richmond, under the superintendence of C. Thurston Chase, Esq., general agent of the Union Commission in Richmond. Enough of books, carefully selected by Professor John S. Hart, are on their way from Philadelphia for the use of one hundred pupils.

Within a period of thirty days the entire line of the Virginia central railroad will be open for business. The Fredericksburg railroad will be in a condition on Wednesday or Thursday to transport freight and passengers between Richmond and Massaponax, near Hamilton's crossing, and about six miles south-east of Fredericksburg.

Secretary Seward is still rapidly improving. He has regained the use of his arm, and writes with ease, although the arm itself is still stiff. On account of the instrument designed to keep the fractured jaw in place, talking is avoided as much as possible, and he generally writes what he desires to communicate. He expects to resume in full the duties of the State Department within a few days. The wounds of Mr. Frederick Seward are still subject to heavy discharge from time to time, but the attending physicians hope that with quiet and care the artery may be closed and his ultimate recovery insured. Mrs. Seward, the wife of the Secretary, has been made quite ill by mental anxiety and unremitting attention to her husband and son.

Senator Sumner has declined several invitations to repeat his eulogy on President Lincoln after its delivery in Boston.

FIRST EDITION.

12, NIDNI[GHT]

The Conspiracy T[rial].

CHARGE AGAINST THE AC[CUSED]

JEFF. DAVIS AND OTHERS IMP[LICATED]

Proceedings on Mo[nday].

WASHINGTO[N]

It appears from the minutes of th[e] Court, that on Saturday, Arnold, t[he] counsel, Thomas Ewing, Jr., set u[p] that this Military Court has no po[wer] him on the charges preferred, for that in these times of peace resort [should] had to the civil tribunals. The Cou[rt] liberal[ly] overruled the plea. A[rnold] asked that he be tried separately; others, but this request was also de[nied].

O'Laughlin has procured counsel, [who] resented by Mr. Walker Cox, and [Mr.] Doster appears for Atzerodt and Pay[ne].

The charge against the prisoners [at the bar] stance as follows:

"For, between the 6th of March [and] April, 1865, conspiracy with Jno. [Harper], John Wilkes Booth, Jeff. Davis, Geo[rge] ders, Beverly Tucker, Jacob Thom[pson], C. Cleary, Clement C. Clay, Geor[ge] George Young, and others unknow[n] der Abraham Lincoln, President of [the United] States; Andrew Johnson, Vice[-President], William H. Seward, Secretary of [State], Ulysses Grant, Lieutenant General."

Nearly all the morning session [was] occupied in reading the testim[ony] on Saturday.

On Saturday it was moved that if created no objections on the part of [the] Advocate, or the counsel for the accused, the presence of the several [parties] need not be considered of materiality. Mr. Aiken, assistant counsel for [Mrs.] expressed his willingness to accede [to] an arrangement, except in the case [of] Mann, whom he desired present.

JEFF. DAVIS

Expected Arrival in Was[hington]

His Female Apparel to be Sent

HOW WILL HE BE [TRIED]

Commen[ts] of the [Press]

NEW YOR[K]

Jeff. Davis will reach Washington [city] or latter part of next week and will [probably], before the commission [convenes]. The circumstantial evidence [against] him in the conspiracy is becoming [complete].

Testimony from Richmond will [be forthcoming], as skilful detectives are [now] at work ferreting out the facts connected with Booth's movements in Richmond shortly before the murder, and had [obtained] one interview with Davis and Benj[amin].

The *Daily Washington* reports as [the] prevailing impression among officials that Jeff. Davis will be tried for high treason before the United States Court of this District, that he will not be arraigned before the military Commission now trying the conspirators.

Commenting on the capture of Davis, the *Tribune* hopes he will be tried on the complicity in the murder of President Lincoln.

The *Times*, *World*, *Post*, and *Advertiser* think he will be tried for treason, and not for murder, and hopes he will be done it in a civil court.

The *Times'* Washington special says instructions have been sent to General Howard to have Davis, Clement C. Clay, Reagan, and Benjamin brought from Augusta to Washington.

Affairs in Alaba[ma]

CAPTURE OF MONTG[OMERY]

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

NEW YOR[K]

The *Herald's* correspondent at Mo[bile], Ala., says: The city was first occupied by Generals Garrard and Adams. On the 12th of May a committee of citizens waited upon Gen. Adams previous to the evacuation, to ask that the cotton stored in the city, which was designed to fight or retreat, and could not help it. He refused to allow the committee to go out to meet the enemy, and said he did not approve of the burning of any Government property. All the warehouses were set on fire by some sympathizers. Fortunately the wind was from the city, and blew the flames away from the city, thus preventing an indiscriminate plunder of warehouses adjacent to the burned district.

Gen. Wilson occupied the town on the 12th. At the time he evacuated the Government were burned. The *Mobile Appeal* newspaper was removed to Montgomery on the approach of Wilson's forces and the publication of the *Advertiser* was suspended. The former remained and is published under its original proprietors.

The people are soon to hold a mass meeting to consider the best plan of restoring them to its allegiance.

THE OLD RICHMOND SENTI[MENT]

Secessionists Allowed to take [Possession] of the Office.

WASHINGTON, M[ay]

Much indignation is expressed here that the [Administration] have been given for a few days to secessionists, in Richmond, the former editors of the *Evening Courier*, to take possession of the old *Sentinel* printing establishment, which includes the large printing office used by the rebel government.

From Central and South Am[erica]

NEW YORK, M[ay]

The steamer Ocean Queen brings dates to the 5th.

The news of the assassination of President Lincoln was received on the 1st, and gloom over the entire community. A meeting was held at the American Consul's, at which appropriate resolutions were adopted and a committee appointed to solicit a monumental subscription of one dollar each was also started. The English war steamer Tuscarora and the United States steamer Cyane lowered their flags and fired a salute.

The new contract of the Panama Railroad Company passed a final reading in the Panama Congress, and President Mariñhosa consented to act as mediator between Costa Rica and Nicaragua in their boundary difficulties.

A disturbance occured at Bogota owing to the refusal of some members of Congress to uncover their heads while a religious procession was passing. Several persons were shot.

Barrios has left Costa Rica, en route for Salvador, with the object of heading the liberals of that republic in the revolution.

The Peruvian brig Admiral Guysse, with Gen. Seoatia aboard, a prisoner, arrived at Acapulco, Mexico, on the 24. The United States steamers Lancaster and Saranac were at Acapulco on the 20th ult.

Absurd estimates have been made in Panama of persons engaged in the late disturbance there.

Spain has made claims against Chili—munitions of war having been sent South by Chili to protect places likely to be attacked.

The tronble between Chili and Paraguay are not yet settled.

The revolution in Peru progressed but little, and it is thought it will be put down.

AMERICAN SECURITIES IN EUROPE

NEW YORK, May 13.

The *Tribune's* special says: The report that there were in circulation in Germany counterfeit United States bonds, grew out of the testimony of the opinion of our bonds, and was resorted to by brokers in their efforts to aid the sale of home securities. There is now held in Germany alone about three hundred million dollars of our 5-20 bonds, and the demand has been so great that for weeks past exchange has been one-half per cent. in our favor. It is a source of gratification to our government that these European capitalists who had faith in our cause in the darker days of the struggle have lived to see the securities they purchased freely at 45 rise in the London market to 66—netting them a profit of nearly fifty per cent.

CIRCULATION OF NATIONAL BANKS.

NEW YORK, May 15.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: It is officially stated that the circulation of the National banks amount to $124,690,080. Massachusetts has 178 banks with $31,513,720 circulation. New York has 172 banks with $19,461,750. Pennsylvania has 182 banks with $28,100,680, and Ohio has 125 banks with $10,845,570. The Pennsylvania banks have greatly over issued, and some of them must be diminished immediately, or they will be closed up.

REDUCTION OF GOVERNMENT INTEREST ASKED.

WASHINGTON, May 15.

Delegations from New York and Boston are urging a reduction of the Government rates of interest to five per cent.

THE SATURDAY COMMERCIAL
IS JUST OUT CONTAINING ALL THE
IMPORTANT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY
AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE,
VALUABLE READING FOR THE
FAMILY.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:
For Year, (in Clubs,).....$1 50
In Clubs of Twenty.....1 00

The Postmasters are requested to act as agents for THE COMMERCIAL.

CITY MATTERS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA OIL CAR COMPANY.—The Prospectus of the Pennsylvania Oil Car Manufacturing and Transportation Company, for which a charter was obtained from the last Legislature has been prepared, and subscriptions have been made to the stock. The capital of the Company is fixed at $100,000, (with privilege to increase the same,) in twenty thousand shares of five dollars each, over one-third of which has already been taken. All of the paid-in stock is to be used for working capital, and not for the purpose of declaring dividends, as is too often the case with stock corporations nowadays. An experimental car is now being constructed, which will be finished for trial early in June. We have already described this oil car, which is the invention of Mr. J. F. Kreler, of this city. It is the only patent of the kind yet invented whose iron tank is the body of the car, and herein consists its great value. Above the iron tank, which will hold sixty barrels of crude oil, is to be constructed a regular box car, so that the car when completed will carry both dry and liquid freight. It will be so constructed that a load of oil can be taken to Chicago, and return with a load of grain. A two inch floor, put solidly together, will prevent grain or other dry freight from coming in contact with the oil, and by a good arrangement of air holes, the gas arising from the oil will be carried off without entering the box car. Two large expanding chambers, one at each end of the tank, will prevent the oil from overflowing from expansion. The car, should it prove equal to what is expected of it, will be of incalculable benefit to shippers of oil and other liquids.

DEATH OF DAVID G. BLYTHE.—Our readers are all familiar with the name of David G. Blythe, whose sudden death we are called upon to record, as having occurred at Passavant's hospital in this city, yesterday afternoon, about four o'clock. Deceased was possessed of extraordinary genius, not only as an artist, but also as a poet, and those who have had the pleasure of examining his pictures have never failed to express their admiration of his inimitable portraiture, not only of "Still Life," "Rural Scenes," "Caricatures," "Panoramic Views," etc., but also recognized his ability as a poet and scholar, a kind and genial companion and true friend. Mr. Blythe was between forty and fifty years of age, and had a large circle of friends and acquaintances in this city, Allegheny and Pittsburgh, Westmoreland, Fayette and Greene, as also in Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia, through which he had traveled in order to collect material for the celebrated panorama of the Alleghany Mountains. In all the walks of life, deceased was endeared to and appreciated in his labors of art by numerous friends, and instead of dying from "want of the necessities of life" as stated by an evening contemporary, his dying bed was surrounded by warm-hearted and generous friends, who assure us that he was never wanting for the means of subsistence, and that at all times he could command money without stint, and had almost illimitable credit with a number of our prominent citizens. This statement is due, not only to the deceased, but to his friends and relatives, who are sadly grieved at the wanton assertion to the contrary.

POSTAL CARS.—Travelling mailing cars between this city and Philadelphia will be placed upon the Pennsylvania Central Railroad during the coming week. Under this arrangement parties living west of this city will receive their letters and papers twelve hours in advance of the present time. Mr. Jos. W. Lewis, who has for many years been connected with the postoffice of this city, and who is well qualified for the position, has been appointed manager of one of the cars. Mr. Cook, also of the Pittsburgh postoffice, will be his assistant. The Department has concluded to place three cars upon the route at present, and when the business enlarges other cars will be added. The arrangement will probably go into effect on Friday next. The new system has been experimented upon on other roads, and has proved a great success.

ARREST OF A MURDERER.—Joseph Lounsberry, the Clearfield desperado, who murdered Oil. Cyrus Butler, deputy provost marshal, during the draft riots last fall in Clearfield county, was arrested a few days since, under the following circumstances: Lounsberry had been working at or near Lake City, Erie county, but as he was heavily armed it was difficult to arrest him. However, he was induced to enter the store of Mr. A. S. Rhinel, for the purpose of purchasing a suit of clothes; and while trying the clothing on, he was taken into custody without difficulty. The trial will take place the coming month, at Williamsport, Pa.

BROUGHT TO THE CITY.—The body of Henry Glenn, formerly a member of Company A, 121st Pennsylvania Regiment, who was killed at the battle of Cold Harbor on the 3d day of June last, has been brought to this city, and will be interred this afternoon at two o'clock, from the residence of his mother, No. 146 Fulton street. Mr. Glenn was shot during the battle, and instantly killed. He was much esteemed by his comrades, and his loss was deeply regretted. The former members of the regiment residing in the city, are invited to attend the funeral.

OIL BARGE SUNK.—Yesterday afternoon, a barge loaded with oil in barrels, which had evidently broken from its moorings, struck one of the piers of the Pan Handle Railroad bridge, Allegheny river, and sunk. The barrels floated off, but a large number were recovered and brought to shore. The barrels were marked with the letter "P," in a diamond.

RICHMOND PAPERS.—Frank McClure, late of the 102d Pennsylvania Regiment, arrived in this city yesterday noon, from Richmond, Va., which place he left Saturday. He brought with him Richmond daily papers of Saturday.

Public Amusements.

THEATRE.—Annie Eberle had a crowded and fashionable audience last evening on the occasion of her benefit. She appeared in Camille at the end of the first play, after thanking her audience for the mark of esteem manifested for her, and which she fully deserved, she omitted to read the last paragraph of our late President, whose name, she said, "I trust is loyal heart will ever utter with privilege to pronounce in any place, or under any circumstances, but owing to objections which have been offered by the manager, I am, of course, debarred the privilege of gratifying you, my friends, this evening. It is possible that amid the mutations of time, opportunities may occur when a particular passage, or a particular memory we all love to cherish, whether it be undertaken with a view to swell the treasury or the gratify public taste, will not be stand by the old pharisaical cry of sacrilege! Sacrilege! For the first time in my life, I have heard it charged as being high treason or impropriety to pay tribute to the memory of the great departed within the walls of a theatre. He whose loss this nation now mourns was a friend to the drama, and withal a christian gentleman. Under these circumstances, I think it perfectly safe to leave to the public to decide whether or not persons of the dramatic profession to pay tribute at the fount of memory, or whether it is sacrilege."

The ever popular drama of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will be presented again this evening, with all the new scenery and effects.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—Thayer & Noyes' Circus and Van Amburg's Menagerie combined, opened on Diamond Square, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon, to a crowded and well-dressed house. The performances were loudly applauded throughout, among which were those specialties of Mr. Charles Noyes—his trained Cayuse pony Eagle, one of the most beautiful animals ever seen in the ring, exhibiting the most remarkable education and training; the trick mule Billy, which is a source of great amusement to the little folks; and the two diminutive ponies, ridden by a Pittsburgh boy, Master Cook, in the wildest manner, and most graceful style of the equestrian art. Master Cook was taken by Mr. Noyes as a pupil, from this city about one year since, and gives promise of becoming one of the first performers of the equestrian order. Messrs. Bernard and Kelly, the renowned and graceful gymnasts, perform a number of feats. Dr. Thayer and Jimmy Reynolds, the clowns, are too well known by the public to need commendation. The Doctor's trick mule Nero was the source of more than usual merriment.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S PROCLAMATIONS.—The two proclamations of the President, published in yesterday's newspapers, will give to the world a good idea not only of the policy of the new President, but also of his character. He is a bold man, and his policy will be bold, also—perhaps defiant in some respects. It is not generally believed here that any trouble will result from the proclamation now issued, inviting rebel refugees. The leading foreign governments are ready to acknowledge the downfall of the rebellion, and they will, as a matter of course, refuse to harbor rebel privateers.

DIED:

THOMSON.—On the afternoon of Monday, May 15th, Mrs. ELIZABETH THOMSON, wife of James Thomson, at the residence of her son-in-law, No. 91, Penn street, Pittsburgh.

Notice of the funeral will be given in the evening papers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR ADDITIONAL NEW ADVERTISEMENTS SEE SECOND AND FOURTH PAGES.

TO LET.

The Hotel of the undersigned, situated at Loretta one mile from Cresson, will be leased to a good tenant for one or more years. The house is within one mile of the

CELEBRATED LORETTA SPRINGS,

And has accommodations for one hundred and twenty-five guests. Splendid fishing and hunting grounds surround the establishment, and it is decidedly one of the best summer resorts in the State. Further particulars apply to L. A. Shoemaker, Cresson, or to
my15:2w A. J. CHRISTY, Loretto.

VERY LATEST.

FROM WASHINGTON.

AMNESTY PROCLAMATION TO BE ISSUED.

WHO WILL BE HELD FOR TREASON.

MRS. LINCOLN'S HEALTH IMPROVING.

The Navy Requisitions all Passed in the Treasury.

Secretary Harlan Installed in Office

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, May 15, 1865.

A new amnesty proclamation will be issued within a day or two, by President Johnson, which will announce the final determination of the Government, as to who shall be relieved from accountability for participation in the rebellion, and who will be held to answer for their crimes. It will come before the Cabinet meeting to-morrow for final action.

Mrs. Lincoln having partially recovered from her indisposition, expects to leave for her home next Thursday.

The Secretary of the Treasury to day, passed the last of the requisition of the Navy Department. It will take four or five days yet to pass the requisition through the different Bureaus, and place the funds in the hands of the disbursing officers.

The change in the Department of the Interior took place at noon to-day. Secretary Usher retiring and Mr. Harlan assuming the position of Secretary of the Interior. The heads of the Bureaus and the clerks presented through Judge Otto, an appropriate address and bade farewell to the retiring Secretary. Later in the day the employees of the Department were presented to the new Secretary, who received them with much kindness and courtesy.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, May 15.

Hon. James Harlan, to-day entered upon his duties as Secretary of the Interior.

Intelligence has just been received of the approaching arrival of a large number of Polish emigrants, they having been forwarded from European ports under the auspices of the Emigration Society, established lately to provide new homes for these unfortunate Poles.

A delegation from Indiana waited on the President to-day, to urge a commutation of the death sentence of the conspirators Bowles, Milligan and Horsey.

The advance of Sherman's army is at Alexandria.

SLAVERY IN KENTUCKY

Prentice Calls upon the People to Uproot Slavery.

LOUISVILLE, May 15.

The *Journal*, in an elaborate editorial, entitled "An Open Letter to the People of Kentucky," closes as follows: "The time has come for at once cutting up by the roots the Upas tree which, for more than half a century, has poisoned our prosperity and retarded the growth of that public spirit which our in[de]velopment requires. Let the people, therefore, at once discomfit politicians who would impede their progress in the broad path of destiny which opens before them, and to this end let them, in August next, elect no man to the General Assembly of the State who will not pledge himself to the immediate and unconditional ratification of the constitutional amendment."

Interesting Letter from Mr. Lincoln Never before Published.

The letter given below was written twenty-nine years ago by President Lincoln, when he was but twenty-seven years old. It was addressed to Col. Robert Allen, when Mr. Lincoln was a candidate for the Legislature. Nothing could indicate more clearly the principles of candor, honor and high integrity on which his conduct was even then based, and which ever afterwards characterized his whole life.

The original of this letter is remarkable for the evident care with which it was written, and the correctness of its punctuation, showing that, even at that time, Mr. Lincoln had studied the rules of composition with great care, thus laying the basis of his future greatness as a clear and sound reasoner:

NEW SALEM, June 21, 1838.

DEAR COLONEL:—I am told that during my absence last week, you passed through this place and stated publicly that you were in possession of a fact or facts, which, if known to the public would destroy my election. Of course, if N. W. Edwards and myself are the only persons in possession of the facts, you have been less unwilling to accept them; but if this case, favor to the world be injustice to the public, and, therefore, I must beg your pardon for declining it. That I once had the confidence of the people of Sangamon county, I sincerely believe, and if I have since done anything, either by design or misadventure, which, if known, would subject me to a forfeiture of that confidence, let them know it; but that thing and conceals it, is a traitor to his country's interest.

I find myself wholly unable to form any conjecture of what fact or facts, real or supposed, you spoke. But my opinion of your veracity will not permit me, for the present, to doubt that you, at least, believed what you said. I am flattered with the personal regard you manifested for me, but I do hope that, on more mature reflection, you will view the public interest as a paramount consideration, and therefore determine to let the worst come.

I here assure you that the candid statement of facts on your part, however low it may sink me, shall never break the ties of personal friendship between us.

I wish an answer to this, and you are at liberty to publish both, if you choose.

Very respectfully,
A. LINCOLN.
Colonel ROBERT ALLEN.

THE SURRENDER OF JOHNSTON'S ARMY.

Additional Facts in Relation to Johnston's Surrender—He Disobeys Jeff. Davis' Orders—The Intentions of the Arch-Traitor's Escort.

[From the Richmond Republic, May 10.]

By the arrival in Richmond of a Confederate General officer, he was present at and was[hin]elded in the surrender of General Joseph E Johnston, we are placed in possession of some [in]teresting facts concerning that event. Jeff. Davis has been pretty generally credited by the public journals of the country with suggesting the terms of truce and surrender noted by the article drawn up by Gens. Sherman and Johnston, which was repudiated by the President of the United States. The truth is, the terms were not only not suggested by Davis, but they were proposed by Johnston without his knowledge. That Johnston may have known they would not be accepted by the United States authorities, and that he may only have proposed them to gain time for Mr. Davis, may be true, but we do not know it as a fact. It is quite reasonable to suppose he was actuated by the single motive of obtaining for himself and his troops the best possible terms, well knowing that he could lose nothing by asking much. Subsequently Davis attempted, by an exertion of his authority as Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate forces, to influence Johnston's action, but the effort was a failure, as we shall see.

When General Grant arrived at Raleigh, and the only terms upon which the surrender of Johnston's army would be accepted were made known to the latter, Davis commanded him not to surrender; to disband his troops, spike his cannon, and, with his cavalry and mounted artillerists, to cover the flight of the remnant of the Confederate Government. Johnston received this order with indignation, and refused to obey it, saying that in the position in which he then found himself three duties claimed his consideration: His duty to his troops; his duty to his country composed of the wives and families of those brave men, and his duty to his superior officer. The last he considered, under the circumstances, the least imperative and so chose to disregard it. Acting upon this determination he surrendered his army upon terms which have already been published and are now known to the world.

A number of Wheeler's cavalry, having learned that Davis and his party had a large quantity of specie with them, joined the escort of the fugitives with the avowed purpose of making a raid on the treasure on the first opportunity.

AN ARTIST WANTED.—An artist in this city who was present at the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, to gan a picture of the death scene of Mr. Lincoln, began a picture a few days ago, from memory. It having leaked out that he contemplated a sketch of the scene he was warned by the authorities to desist. The artist is a staunch Republican, but he could not relish despotism of this kind even if he administered by party friends. It should be stated that Mr. Lincoln desires that no sketches or pictures of her murdered husband should be taken or preserved, and the wishes of Secretary's photographs and other acts were in the [illegible] her sake.

IMPORTANT TO REVENUE ASSESSORS.

NEW YORK, May 15.

As the assessors of Internal Revenue have been acting under a misapprehension concerning the deductions permitted, the following letter to a citizen will set them right:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, May 11, 1865.

SIR—Your letter of May 24, in regard to deductions from income is received. Reply that whether the owner of property occupies the same, he is as well entitled to deduct repairs, taxes, insurance and interest on incumbrances on such property as if the same were let and produced income, and he has the same right even if the property is unoccupied.

Very respectfully,
E. A. ROLLINS, Dep. Com.

THE MEXICAN MOVEMENT.

NEW YORK, May 15.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: It is expected within two week s there will be an offer to our capitalists for the Mexican loan, based on such securities as will recommend it as an investment.

It is confidently entertained that nearly all the emigration schemes, now creating so much excitement, are totally unauthorized. It is intimated that some of them have been instigated and managed by French emissaries, with a view to induce the Government to prohibit emigration.

EVASIONS OF THE REVENUE LAW IN IOWA.

NEW YORK, May 15.

The *Commercial's* special says

The Daily Commercial

TUESDAY MAY 16 1865

☞ Correspondence on matters of public interest is solicited and will be thankfully received from our friends in all parts of the country, when accompanied by responsible names. More especially whatever relates to the discovery and production of oil, the development of oil lands and reliable oil intelligence in general, will be acceptable and is desired. Events of local interest mechanical and agricultural results, inventions and improvements of every description, clearly and briefly described, are solicited. To secure attention, communications should be brief, entirely reliable, and sent as promptly as possible.

Letters concerning the business department of the newspaper or printing office should be addressed to the Business Manager. Communications designed for the paper should be addressed to The Editor.

COUNTY UNION CONVENTION.

The loyal men of Allegheny county, comprising the Union party are requested to assemble at the places of holding elections in their Wards, Boroughs Townships and Precincts, respectively, on SATURDAY, June 3d, 1865, and elect two delegates to represent each district aforesaid in a UNION CONVENTION, to be held at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, June 6th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of nominating a Union ticket and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The election of delegates in the Wards and Boroughs shall be by ballot between the hours of four and seven o'clock p. m., and in the Townships between the hours of four and six o'clock, p. m.

By order of the Union Executive Committee.

A. M. BROWN, Chairman.

ALEX. HILANDS, } Secretaries.
S. O'NEILL. }

Davis in Petticoats!

JEFF. DAVIS, the proud head of the late aristocratic Confederacy, was caught disguised in petticoats! We have entertained proper respect for that description of garment and its office. While we have not doubted it was a highly necessary article and generally respectable in its uses, we did not question that as to this last there might be exceptions; but we never dreamed

"To what base uses"

it would come at last!

JEFF. DAVIS in petticoats! "What a fall was there!" not so much as to JEFF. as the highly useful garment in which his collapsed Excellency undertook to disguise himself! As if the picture was not sufficiently ludicrous, it is added that, brandishing a bowie knife, he complained of a want of magnanimity by our Government, because it hunted down women and children! Poor, miserable JEFF! What a condition for a proud, haughty, tyrannical man, who but yesterday commanded two hundred thousand men, and stood for a "Confederacy," to be brought to! It would have been almost a mercy had some BOSTON CORBETT been at hand to give him the ending of his compeer BOOTH—at any rate, to give him a rope that he could have hung himself. It is not recorded what the captors did with the petticoat. We hope they did not make him keep it on, and that they will not bring him all the way to Washington in it—booted and spurred as he was—it would be such a blow to the crinoline business, though, perhaps, quite in accordance with the fitness of things.

Poor, fallen, wretched JEFF! Not only did he attempt to hide away in his wife's petticoats; but when caught he talked of magnanimity! Did ever a coward fugitive make such an exhibition of himself! "Magnanimity," indeed! When did he ever show it to others? How much a creature he must have felt he was confessing himself, by thus begging for mercy, from a government he had by every possible means sought to destroy; whose head he had conspired to murder; for whose life he had effected to feel a contempt he could not adequately express; whose soldiers he had caused to be starved, tortured, murdered. Had the cowardly wretch obeyed the direction of his worst enemy he could not have reached, in so brief a time, or by so short a route, a point of such utter annihilation. Had the sun not been rendered when he saw escape was impossible, there might have been left to him some pretense for dignity and spirit. But the guilt of almost every crime in the catalogue would not let him, but compelled him to flee, as did BOOTH and as all criminals flee. The flight had nothing about it in keeping with his late pretensions at Richmond. In most respects, it was so much like that of the President's assassin, that no one can fail to be struck with the similarity. But BOOTH was his superior, in that he defied his pursuers, and preferred to die on the spot, and cheat the gallows, to being taken alive.

Has a Crime been Committed?

By the law of the land, Treason is defined to be a crime, punishable with death. It would seem that what those opposed to hanging JEFF. DAVIS have to do is, to make it appear that no crime has been committed. Failing in this, unless they can show mitigating circumstances, it seems to us the hanging must proceed. We have kept a tolerable run of this rebellion, but as yet have failed to perceive what facts or circumstances there are that go to mitigate the offense of JEFF. DAVIS. The Government has steadily refused to recognise him, or to speak or think of him, except as a rebel. His act has uniformly been denounced as a great crime, a stupendous wickedness, involving the blackest guilt, the enormity of which has been increased by starving and torturing in our midst, by thousands in Southern prison pens, and by other acts, literally "too numerous to mention." As yet we have seen not a single good reason brought forward why the law should not be enforced. Mr. GREELEY, in the *Tribune*, pronounces against it, because he is opposed to hanging at all, which leaves out of view the merits of the case. WENDELL PHILLIPS would let DAVIS off, because by hanging we would make a martyr of him. We conclude the number who would not be willing to run the risk is very small. However the plea of martyrdom might prove to be, we feel quite certain, should the outraged law not be vindicated and the crime of Treason go unpunished, Justice would be sacrificed, and future respect for the laws of our land destroyed. If great criminals are not to be punished; if the law is to be suspended when the crime is the greatest known to it, what are we to say to lesser offenders, and what will become of the peace of society and our public character?

We come back to the starting point: If DAVIS has not committed treason, what has he done? If the crime is not Treason, what will you call it? If it is Treason, why not inflict the penalty? For our part we disclaim being actuated by promptings of vengeance,—indeed we confess to being opposed to capital punishment, as a settled policy. But all rules have exceptions, and DAVIS we think is the exception to this. We ask the objector to take a look half or a quarter a century ahead,—read the story of the rebellion; the struggle, the trials, the final triumph; and let him say if there would not be a fatal break in the chain should there be a failure to punish Treason with the penalties of the law of the land? History would record that, while the Republic was strong enough to put down the Rebellion, it had not the courage to punish Treason. Shall this be?

A WARNING.—Our exchanges from the eastern part of the State say that the farmers in that section are hiring laborers among the rebel paroled prisoners and deserters, at the low rates of $8 to $16 per month. Government furloughs these men with free transportation. No doubt this is true, and it is only a prelude to a state of things likely soon to prevail throughout the entire country. Laborers in the coal regions and elsewhere, who are striking for higher wages, should pause a moment, and consider whether it is prudent for them to attempt to continue the present exorbitant rates for hire, which must inevitably follow the general laws prevailing in all branches of business and industry—*one* marked result of which law will be, that lower prices in every thing will rule.

JOHN M. BOTTS.—This gentleman employed a portion of his time during the war in writing a book, which he proposes to publish, entitled 'A History of the Secession Movement, and its public and secret advocates, North and South, since the days of Calhoun." When Mr. BOTTS was thrown into prison, JEFF. DAVIS sought to obtain possession of the manuscript, but the author refused to surrender it unless DAVIS would agree to publish it. The publication he desired because it would produce a revolution within a revolution, in which he could take part. DAVIS did not agree to the terms; the war being over, BOTTS proposes to publish on his own account. There is some talk of connecting this gentleman with the restoration movement in Virginia.

THREE TIMES THREE FOR THE UNION.—Forty-nine rebel prisoners who had been confined at Johnson's Island, near Sandusky, for a long time, were released last Friday, upon taking the amnesty oath. As the vessel to which they were brought to the shore rounded past the prison, they gave nine hearty cheers for the old Union, which were responded to from the inside of the pen. They were of that class who had applied to be amnestied before the fall of Richmond. They say they doubt no longer and have thoroughly repented.

The Turkish Sultan has appointed as Minister of Public Instruction a man who can neither read nor write.

Fayette Springs.

This summer resort which for so many years has sustained its popularity with the people of this vicinity and elsewhere, for its medicinal waters, pure atmosphere, and general attractiveness, as will be seen by reference to our advertisements, is offered for sale by its owner, the Hon. ANDREW STEWART, of Uniontown. The terms on which it is offered are most reasonable, and the price named for the property, which includes two hundred acres upland, with the buildings and furniture, would not at this time erect one-half the buildings thereon.

It is to be hoped that the many Pittsburghers who, with their families, have been accustomed to spend the summer months at this delightful place, will take in hand to purchase it, and make of it, by the erection of additional buildings, what we so much need—a convenient place of resort during the heated term, removed from the public highway of travel, and with ample accommodations for all who may seek it for health and rest—and let it be identified with Pittsburgh. Will the people of Pittsburgh make a note of this?

Emigration from Europe.

The tide of emigration to this country from abroad is getting stronger than ever, since the news of the suppression of the Rebellion is spreading over Europe. Crowds are pressing to the land of promise from almost every port of Europe. From Great Britain and Ireland vessels are overrun with emigrants, large numbers coming from the mining and iron districts of England. All accounts agree in representing that an immense number of people in Ireland have been only awaiting the re-establishment of peace in this country in order to emigrate. The Irish *Times* of a recent date says: "We believe that when peace ensues between the belligerents in America, the emigration which has hitherto taken place, compared with that which will certainly ensue, will be as the leakage of a wier to the opening of a sluice. There is not a city, town, or hamlet in Ireland, in which a large proportion of the able-bodied population is not determined to emigrate the moment peace is made." From South and Middle Germany, Switzerland, Luxemburg, and the Belgian provinces, swarms are pouring forth. Let them come! there is room and enough for them.

THE CROPS.—As far as we learn from our exchanges, the crops throughout this State, and elsewhere, are very promising. It is anticipated that the largest wheat crops ever raised in Pennsylvania will be harvested this year. In the finest part of Maryland one of our exchanges says that old men join in the opinion that never in their recollection have they at this season of the year seen such a luxuriant growth of wheat, grass and clover. We have now a certainty of "peace" and a sure promise of "plenty."

WHAT THEY WANT.—It is proposed by certain Journals and public men to banish JEFF DAVIS and other rebel leaders from the country. Seeing that those not caught are doing their utmost to get out of the country, without much regard to the place they go to, it is difficult to perceive wherein would be the punishment of such a sentence. There is more sentiment than sense in such an idea.

Secretary Stanton and the Tribune.

To the Editor of the Commercial:

Mr. Horace Greeley as the editor of a daily newspaper, may express unworthy sentiments to which it would be quixotic to reply; but when Mr. Horace Greeley, editor and *historian*, permits the publication of a calumnious article in the *Tribune*, intended to destroy the reputation of a noble patriot and statesman, it is but right that public indignation should express upon him through the honest press of the country.

Mr. Greeley is entitled to great credit for his services in arousing public sentiment against the slave power, and for the vast influence of his paper in upholding the Government during its long struggle with southern traitors, but when he uses the influence of his position to utter incredulous calumnies against the Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, it should be told him that he is but injuring his own reputation by his unworthy conduct; he is spitting against the wind and defiling himself.

The particular article to which we object is that of May 11th, under the caption of "The Disposal of Booth's body," which, though inserted as a communication from one "James Gerard Brower," it is evident from the editorial columns of the same day, are the sentiments also of the editor. Fault is found with the secret disposal of Wilkes Booth's body. The *Tribune* considers it a reproduction of the horrors of the Byzantine Empire, a lapse into the barbarities of the middle ages, a regeneration of the cruelties of the Spanish Inquisition. The death of the assassin in the cell, the position of his sin, and his body should have been given to his relations as a small boon from this mighty republic. An unknown hand strewed flowers on Nero's tomb; a woman wept over and tenderly kissed Caligula; why might not the mother of Booth have the wretched consolation of mourning at the grave of her misguided and fanatical son?

This sentimentality is all well enough if the murderer of the President had been a fanatic, prompted by private vengeance or irresponsible insanity. Then a magnanimous nation, though steeped in sorrow, might give up the worthless body to those who felt the ties of consanguinity. But the developments of the stupendous conspiracy of which Booth was the chief actor, take away from the felon all claims of reg rd or sympathy from loyal men. His very blood is attainted. Worse than the vagabond Cain, his only parallel in iniquity is Judas Iscariot. The judgment of Europe has assigned his name to everlasting infamy. Still, with the brand of Cain upon his memory, the stupendous guilt of Iscariot upon his soul, the whole press

The Daily Commercial

OFFICE—No. 84 Third street, between Wood and Market.

CITY MATTERS.

See first page for additional local matter.

THE PITTSBURGH GYMNASTIC ASSOCIATION.—There will be an important meeting of the members and friends of the Pittsburgh Gymnastic Association, this evening, in Wilkins Hall, above the Mayor's office, for the purpose of considering ways and means for the advancement of the interests of the Society. It is a subject of regret that this once flourishing institution has been permitted to languish for the want of that generous support which its praiseworthy objects should command for it from our young men. Previous to the breaking out of the war it had a comfortable, very large membership, a comfortable bank account, and a flourishing condition generally; but a majority of its active members entered the ranks of the army of the Union, and the attachment of their support seriously impaired the condition of the Association. There was no good reason why their places on the rolls of the Association should not have been filled. The usefulness of the Association remained, and its beautiful hall stood ready and open to every young man of good moral character, no matter what may be his position in society. There are hundreds of young men in our city whose employment during the day is of a sedentary character, and whose physical nature requires exercise that health may be promoted. Instead, however, of availing themselves of the opportunities afforded by the Gymnastic Association, they bestow themselves to the play houses and other places of resort, where the mind only is diverted, and that but for the moment of its enjoyment. How much better would be the physical condition of our young men if they would spend their evenings in exercising at the Gymnasium, a careful study of the laws of health will inform them.

PELLY COMMITTED.—James H. alias "Rosin," Graham, had a further hearing in Wheeling on Saturday evening, on a charge of robbing Mr Adam Blum, of that city, of fourteen hundred dollars. Additional evidence was adduced, and the hearing resulted in his committal to jail for trial in default of bail. Graham joined one of the nine months' regiments which was recruited during last year in this city, but after serving only a few weeks deserted and returned to his home in Allegheny. He was arrested by one of Captain Foster's detectives, but managed to escape. He was afterwards arrested and imprisoned in the guard house connected with Captain Kilgore's office, but through the laxity of the guards again escaped and succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the authorities until his arrest in Cincinnati. He is a hardened scoundrel, and is to be hoped that justice will be administered to him.

SHARPSBURG AND LAWRENCEVILLE BRIDGE COMPANY.—The purchasers of the Sharpsburg Bridge Company metes per notice given, at the office of Spang, Chalfant & Co., on Monday, May 15th, 1865, and organized by electing the following officers to serve to the 1st May, 1866:

President—Jas. C. Lewis.
Directors—Wm. M. Darlington, Robt. Dalzell, C. B. Herron, A. M'Dowell Bailey, N. Holmes, John W. Chalfant.
Treasurer—N. Holmes.

It was resolved to name the new corporation "The Sharpsburg and Lawrenceville Bridge Company." Books for subscription to the capital stock will be opened in a few days, and as no corporation could be placed in more prudent and energetic hands, the stock will doubtless prove a profitable investment.

RECEIPTS OF THE LECTURE SEASON.—We are informed that the net profits of the lecture season of the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association just closed, amounted to $2,369 73. This is a large increase over that of the last season, and proves conclusively that the efforts of the Young Men's Lecture Committee to secure first class lecturers have been appreciated by the people.

DEATH OF A MINISTER.—A telegraphic dispatch was received yesterday announcing that Rev. John McCarthy, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church on Mount Washington, and recently called to a charge in Baltimore, died on Saturday last. Mr. McCarthy was widely known in this vicinity, and his loss will be deeply regretted.

LEFT FOR CANADA.—Chief of Police Long left for Toronto, Canada, yesterday, for the purpose of bringing to this city Jim Brown, the burglar, charged with the robbing of Williams' Banking House on the 21 inst. He was accompanied by Mr. Mason, counsel for Mr. Williams, and a number of witnesses.

PITTSBURGHER ON THE SULTANA.—A young man named McHenry, a resident of this city, and a member of Battery D, First West Virginia Light Artillery, was on board the steamer Sultana during the recent explosion, but escaped uninjured.

COURT INTELLIGENCE.—The District Court met yesterday morning, but owing to the absence of a full panel of jurors, was compelled to adjourn, after hearing two cases of a trivial nature.

RECOVERING.—Mr. Weatley, who was run over by the cars on the Robeson street route of the Pittsburgh and Manchester Passenger Railway, on Saturday evening, is recovering.

PASSED THROUGH.—Seventy rebel soldiers of Bragg's army, who have been released on taking the oath, passed through the city yesterday on their way to the Southwest.

SPECIAL NOTICES

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.—Col. JOHN A. DARE will be a candidate for nomination for Representative to the State Legislature, before the Union County Convention, of June 6th. my16-td SHALER TOWNSHIP

DAVID AIKEN, Jr., WILL BE A candidate for renomination to the office of County Treasurer, before the Union County Convention, which meets June 6, 1865. my13 dawtd

COUNTY TREASURER.—JOHN BAILY, of Upper St. Clair will be a candidate for the office of County Treasurer before the Union County Convention, which meets June 6th, 1865. my15-dawtd

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—Col. L. B. DUFF will be a candidate for nomination to the office of District Attorney, before the Union Convention, which meets June 6th, 1865. my9 tjd-6aw

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK is a candidate for re-nomination to the office of District Attorney subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention which will meet upon Tuesday, the 6th day of June next. Delegate election on Saturday afternoon, June 3d, 1865. apl8-dtd-aw

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—I will be a candidate for the office of DISTRICT ATTORNEY, subject to the nomination of the next Union County Convention. ALEX. M. WARDROP. apl8-tc

FOR NEARLY A QUARTER OF a century Matthews' Vegetable Hair Dye has been extensively used, and in no case has it failed to give satisfaction.

The VEGETABLE DYE is the best and cheapest in the world. In price it is only Fifty Cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THE HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process which renders it immeasurably superior to any thing in the shape of a Dye now or ever before the people. Being complete in one bottle, no preparation is required, which greatly simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that nasty, dirty appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used; besides, it produces a perfectly natural color of any shade that may be desired—one that will not fade, crock or wash out—one that is as permanent as the hair itself. For sale by Druggists. Factory No. 6 Barclay street, New York.

A. J. MATTHEWS, General Agent.

Also, Manufacturer of Matthews' Electric HAIR CURLER, the best hair dressing in use. 25 large sized curls 25 cents. ap26-1y

NOTICE.—Books of Subscription to the Capital Stock of the NATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY will be opened at the rooms of the Board of Trade, in the city of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 8th day of May, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and kept open as a week, or such time as may be necessary for incorporation.

WM. WILTON,
E. F. JONES,
W. K. SIMPSON,
A. BRADLEY,
J. H. ROSENBERGER,
H. JONES,
SPENCER HARBAUGH,
Commissioners.

Pittsburgh, April 24, 1865.—29

PITTOCK'S,

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ALBUMS,
ALBUMS,

PHOTOGRAPHS,
PHOTOGRAPHS,

MAGAZINES, BOOKS AND PAPERS,
MAGAZINES, BOOKS AND PAPERS,

DIARIES FOR 1865. DIARIES FOR 1865.
DIARIES FOR 1865. DIARIES FOR 1865.

FOLIOS AND STATIONERY,
FOLIOS AND STATIONERY,

POCKET BOOKS,
POCKET BOOKS,

PITTOCK'S, Opposite Postoffice. PITTOCK'S, Opposite Postoffice

N.B.—Orders left for Flags promptly attended to. no21

1865. DIARIES. 1865

Diaries of Every Variety for sale by
W. S. HAVEN, Stationer,
Sole Agent for Wood street.
no21-tf

KENNEDY, STAIRS & CO.
WHOLESALE
FISH DEALERS,
No. 130 and 132 NORTH WHARVES,
PHILADELPHIA. ap24-2m

DEEDS,
MORTGAGES,
LEASES, PENSION BLANKS,
OIL LAND REFUSALS, and
ATTORNEY AND ALDERMAN'S BLANK
Printed and for sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
Printer and Stationer, cor. Third and Wood sts.
no20

AMUSEMENTS

PITTSBURGH THEATRE,
FIFTH STREET, NEAR WOOD.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

In consequence of the inclement weather of last week with a deprived many from visiting the Theatre, he withdrew this great moral drama. He is encouraged has been induced to repeat it for two evenings only.

THIS EVENING,

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

With the entire Company in the cast.

No other play this evening.

CONCERT HALL, PITTSBURGH

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.

Commencing on TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 16th. Open every night, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 3 o'clock. The most extraordinary exhibition in the world!

THE GREAT
MILTONIAN TABLEAUX
OF
PARADISE LOST!
OR THE GREAT REBELLION IN HEAVEN
THE WAR OF SATAN AND ANGELS.
THE FALL OF SATAN AND THE FALL OF MAN.

As described by John Milton in his Immortal Poem entitled "Paradise Lost," it being a complete illustration of this great Poem from beginning to end, comprising SIXTY-THREE SPLENDID TABLEAU PAINTINGS, covering all Milton's ideas of

HEAVEN, HELL, CHAOS AND PARADISE!

Will now be exhibited in this city as exhibited in London for Nineteen-nine nights to more than half a million People, and as exhibited before Her Majesty QUEEN VICTORIA, and the entire Court, at Buckingham Palace upon which occasion Her Majesty was pleased to bestow upon the proprietor a distinguished mark of her royal approbation by presenting him with a magnificent Diamond Ring

Tickets 75 cents; No half price.

GRAND EXHIBITIONS every Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons at 3 o'clock, when children will be admitted for 15 cents each.

Doors open evenings at 7 o'clock. Exhibition commences at 8, 8½ o'clock precisely.

Afternoon doors open at 2 o'clock.

A. B. MORRISON,
Proprietor and Manager.
L. FISHER, Agent. my16-tf

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL CONCERT
AT
MASONIC HALL,
MONDAY, MAY 22d, 1865,
of the
FROHSINN SOCIETY,
With the kind assistance of the
GREAT WESTERN ORCHESTRA
AND
The Best Amateurs of the City.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR—to be had at the Music Stores, and seats may be reserved, without extra charge, at KLEBER & BRO'S. my15-tw

MONSTER COMBINATION OF Zoological and Equestrian Attraction.

VAN AMBURGH & CO'S
MAMMOTH MENAGERIE,
from 89 and 91 Broadway, New York, combined with
THAYER & NOYES'
GREAT UNITED STATES CIRCUS
will exhibit at
Allegheny City, on Diamond, opposite Market House,
MONDAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, May 15, 16 and 17, 1865.
POSITIVELY FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.
Both Companies Exhibiting in One Tent for One Admission Fee.

THAYER & NOYES'
UNITED STATES CIRCUS
Include:
The Greatest Force of Talented Riders,
Gymnasts, Groups Acrobats, Equilibrists, Trapeze Performers, &c.,
In the country viz:
A STUD OF PERFORMING HORSES, PONIES AND MULES.
Incomparably Superior to any other that can be produced on this side of the Atlantic.

Van Amburgh & Co.'s Menagerie Comprises the most splendid collection of LIVING WILD BEASTS and BIRDS ever exhibited, and VARIOUS BIRDS from every quarter of the globe, that has visited this city for many years.

THE PERFORMANCES
will include every imaginable variety of
DASHING EQUESTRIANISM AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES,
introducing
NEW AND STARTLING ACTS
never before given in this city. At each entertainment Mr. C. W. Noyes will introduce his Famous
TRICK HORSE GREY EAGLE, JR.,
the most sagacious of equine beauty in America; also his celebrated
PERFORMING MONKEY, SIGNOR VICTOR,
the only Trick Monkey on the Continent.
A pupil of the great Van Amburgh will enter the dens of
LIONS, TIGERS, AND LEOPARDS.
Each entertainment will commence with a
GRAND ORIENTAL CAVALCADE,
and conclude with the laughable performances of Dr. Thayer's
COMIC MULES, UNCLE SAM AND DICK.
MESSRS. THAYER & REYNOLDS, CLOWNS.
Doors open at 1½ & 7½ P. M.
A deduction to the entire afternoon combination, 50 cents; Children under twelve, 25 cents.
my6 10-12-14 16-16

CITY HALL POSTER.

JAMES THACKREY,
166 Pennsylvania avenue,
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I can say to the year his principal corners in the city and have his advertising two of the cheapest. ap26-1y

THIRD NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH,
MONDAY, May 8th, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have declared a semi annual dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 5th inst., free of government tax. JOHN B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, May 2, 1865.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of 6 per cent. on the Capital Stock, free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 10th inst.
J. E. ERWIN, Jr. Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, May 2d, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have THIS DAY declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS upon each share of its Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, free of all Government and State taxes. TWO DOLLARS per share, or which, to be applied as a credit to Stock accounts; and THREE DOLLARS per share to be paid in cash, to stockholders, on and after the 8th inst.
my9-tw WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Board of Directors of the CHERRY RUN & OHIO PETROLEUM COMPANY, have this day ordered a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable on the 5th May inst., at the office of the Company, No. 185 Fourth street.
Transfer books close from the 14th to 19th inst.
JOHN F. GLOSSER,
my12-1w Secretary.

AUCTION SALE OF CONDEMNED HORSES.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FIRST DIVISION,
Washington city, April 26, 1865.

Will be sold, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the time and places named below, viz:

BALTIMORE, Maryland, THURSDAY, May 4th, 1865.
CARLISLE, Pennsylvania, THURSDAY, May 11th, 1865.
WILMINGTON, Delaware, THURSDAY, May 18th, 1865.
PITTSBURGH, Pennsylvania, FRIDAY, May 26th, 1865.

TWO HUNDRED CAVALRY HORSES,
at each place.

These animals have been condemned as unfit for the Cavalry service of the Army.

For rough and farming purposes many good bargains may be had.

Horses sold singly. Sales to commence at 10 a. m. Terms cash in United States currency.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Brevet Brigadier General, in charge Field Division Q. M. G. O.
my1 tmy24

NEW BOOKS.

Annual of Scientific Discovery for 1865.....$1 75
The Culture of the Observing Faculties. By Warren Burton.....75
Plinkley's Ritual and Parsonne.....4 00
Tract Number Ninety—Remarks on the Thirty-Nine Articles. By Dr. Newman.....1 25
Husbands and Homes. By Marion Harland.....1 75
Wickersham's Methods of Instruction.....1 75
My Married Life at Hillside. By Harry Gray.....1 50
Newcomb's Financial Policy.....1 50
St. Philippe. By author of Hallsdale.....1 75
At Anchor; a story of Our Civil War.....1 50
South Church Lectures. By eminent New York Ministers.....1 50
Derrick and Drill.....1 50
"Buy Your Own Cherries"—Something bald.
DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
my 15 93 Wood street.

$50 PER WEEK.

AGENTS WANTED,

Male or Female, having a capital of $2 to $5, will find this a good opportunity for business. Send two red stamps for particulars. Address E. PIERCE,
my1-3t Box 2394, Chicago, Ill.

ROOMS OF PITTSBURGH GYMNASTIC ASSOCIATION,
May 15, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE MEMBERS and friends of the Association will be held in the front and story Wilkins Hall on TUESDAY EVENING, May 16th, at 7½ o'clock. All members are earnestly requested to attend, as business of importance will be presented. By order of the President.
THOS. JOHNSON, Secretary.
my15-2t

WANTED.

WANTED—A SALESMAN IN A HARDWARE STORE. One experienced in the business would be preferred. Address, with references, box 1396, Pittsburgh. my1-3t

WANTED—RAGS, ROPE, OLD BOOKS, NEWSPAPERS, etc., etc. Highest cash price paid by the
PITTSBURGH PAPER STOCK CO.
my4-tf 56 Third street.

WANTED—A CLERKSHIP—By a young man who can speak German, and who is a graduate of one of the business Colleges; a situation as Book-keeper or shipping Clerk. Address
J. E. ERWIN, Pittsburgh P. O.
ap25

WANTED—A SECOND-HAND SAFE, large size. Address BOX 767.
apr21-tf

DRY GOODS

BOYS' CASSIMERES
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD'S.

BLACK CASSIMERES,
BOYS' FANCY CASSIMERES,
BLUE CLOTH,
BLACK CLOTH,
SUMMER PANT STUFF,
BLEACHED MUSLINS,
IRISH LINENS.

A large assortment of
NEW GOODS
my15 JUST RECEIVED.

BARGAINS
IN DRY GOODS,
AT
GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,
92
Market street.

2 CASES BLEACHED MUSLINS, at 12½ cts. per yard.
5 BALES FINE BROWN MUSLINS, at 15 cents per yard.
YARD WIDE BLEACH MUSLINS, at 20 cts. per yard.
DRESS GOODS, at 12½ cents.
EXTRA BLACK SILKS, at $1 50.
SILK SACQUES, at $12 00 to $75 00.
SUMMER SHAWLS, at 25 cts.
BEST KID GLOVES, at $1 75. my9

NEW
DRESS GOODS,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD'S,
No. 72 N. E. Cor. Fourth and Market sts.

PLAID SILKS,
FANCY SILKS,
BLACK CORDED SILKS for MANTILLAS,
VICTORIA LAWN,
PARIS MOHAIR,
PURE MOHAIRS,
ORGANDIE LAWNS,
SMALL FIGURED LAWNS,
MOHAIRIQUES,
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS.
A large assortment of handsome DRESS GOODS. Also, goods for men and boy's wear. my6

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
Are now in receipt of their first assortment of
NEW SPRING GOODS,
Which will be found very attractive, and embrace all the latest styles in
EMBROIDERIES, LACES,
STRAW AND MILINERY GOODS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
VEILS, RIBBONS,
BONNET SILKS, BEA IMP.
ORNAMENTS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS, ND BUTTONS,
ALMORAL SKIRTS
FURNISHING GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
SMALL WARES, NOTIONS and
HOOP SKIRTS,
And which are offered at LOW PRICES. Dealers are solicited to call.
Wholesale Rooms Up Stairs.
mar4 77 and 79 Market street.

BLACK SILK SACQUES.

CLOTH SACQUES.

WATERPROOF CIRCULARS.

CHILDRENS' SACQUES.

A good assortment for sale by
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
my1 25 Fifth street.

ATTORNEYS.

BUTTERFIELD, GAZZAM & CO.,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
PRAIRIE DU, PA.
(M'MASTER, GAZZAM & CO., Pittsburgh.)

Legal business promptly attended to in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio, and West Virginia.

REFERENCES—Lockhart & Fray, Robt. Woods, Esq., Pittsburgh; Hon. Garrick Mallery, Philadelphia; Hon. Morrow B. Lowry, Erie. my9

O. M. M'MASTER. J. M. GAZZAM. J. S. BUTTERFIELD.
M'MASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,
ATTORNEYS,
For the collection of Claims against the Government.
Office: 98 Grant street,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Pension, Bounty, Arrears of Pay, Loss of Horses Prize Money, and all other claims before the Department, promptly attended to and information given at all times. No charge made until the claim is collected. Letters of inquiry answered immediately. Office's Account adjusted. my9

H. G. MACKRELL.....S. A. JOHNSON
MACKRELL & JOHNSON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND U. S. LICENSED SOLDIERS' CLAIM AGENTS.
Bounties for wounded Soldiers collected in from ten to twenty days.
Office: No. 89 Grant street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Call with Discharge and two witnesses. 11y28

THOS. M. HAMPTON.....W. C. MORELAND
HAMPTON & MORELAND,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
NO. 98 DIAMOND STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA

E. S. MORROW,
ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,
No. 1 Mercer street,
Allegheny City.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY AND BACK PAY
W. J. & HALL PATTERSON
SOLICITORS OF SOLDIERS' CLAIMS,
NO. 144 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH
my18

BRANDS AND STAMPS
CUT TO ORDER IN EVERY STYLE,
BY
JAMES BOWN,
my18 136 WOOD STREET.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CO., PA.
PITTSBURGH, April 21st, 1865.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny county, passed May 7th, 1852, David Aiken, Jr., Treasurer of said county, hereby gives notice that I will personally or by deputy attend for the purpose of receiving taxes in the several Wards, Boroughs, Townships and Precincts of said county, at the place of holding general elections therein respectively on the following days from 10 o'clock a. m. until 3 o'clock p. m., to wit:

First Ward Pittsburgh; First Ward, Allegheny; East Birmingham, Shaler[illegible] and Elizabeth Boroughs; Elizabeth, Noville, South Pittsburg, Snowden Penn, Mansfield, Rose and Bates Townships.

ON MONDAY, MAY 22d.

Second Ward, Pittsburg; Second Ward, Allegheny; South Pittsburgh, West Elizabeth and Duquesne Boroughs; Greenfield, Upper St. Clair, Baldwin Township, M'Candless, Penn and Harrison Town ships.

ON TUESDAY, MAY 23d.

Third Ward, Pittsburgh; First Precinct Third Ward, Allegheny; Manchester, Temperanceville, Reynolds, Moon, Scott, Lower St. Clair, Jefferson, Patton, Sewickley, Ohio and Reserve Townships.

ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 24th.

Fourth Ward, Pittsburgh; Sixth Ward, Pittsburgh; Second Precinct, Third Ward, Allegheny; West Pittsburgh, Lower Burrell, Manor Borough, Fairbury, Robinson, Versailles, Mifflin, Wilkins, Richland and East Deer Townships.

ON THURSDAY, MAY 25th.

First Precinct, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh; Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh; Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh; First Precinct, Fourth Ward, Allegheny; First Precinct, Birmingham; First Ward, Lawrenceville, and McKeesport Boroughs; North Fayette, Charleroi, Liberty, Collins, Ohio, Hampton and West Deer Townships.

ON FRIDAY, MAY 26th.

Second Precinct, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh; Eighth Ward, Pittsburgh; Third Ward, Pittsburgh; Second Precinct, Fourth Ward, Allegheny; Second Precinct, Birmingham; Second Ward, Lawrenceville and Peppercorn Boroughs; Robinson, Union, Peebles, M'Clure, Shaler and Indiana Townships.

ON SATURDAY, MAY 27th.

Taxes can be paid at the Treasurer's office, within three months from the date fixed in the foregoing districts subject to FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT, for prompt payment of any person paying the whole amount of their taxes. ap24

CARPETS.

We are receiving by
STEAMER AUSTRALASIAN
A large assortment of the celebrated Crossley
ENGLISH BRUSSELS
AND RUGS,
Imported by ourselves, including
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS,
never before in this city.

Having bought gold at the present low rates, we offer these and our entire stock of
AMERICAN BRUSSELS,
INGRAIN CARPETS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, &c.,
At the lowest rates to be found in the market.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
22 Fifth street.
ap2

SOMETHING NEW.

Metal Hydrometers,

That will not break or get out of order,

FOR TESTING CARBON OIL.

Having succeeded, by dint of close study and application, in producing a Hydrometer in metal for testing Carbon Oil, I respectfully offer it to the attention of dealers and those engaged in refining, as an article that will not break or get out of order; Readjustment being so simple that any one may readily understand it. To those constantly using this instrument it will be found a great boon as an article that has long been inquired after, and which needs only to be seen to be appreciated.

For sale by the Manufacturer.
GEO. E. SHAW,
No. 58 Fifth street.

Every kind of HYDROMETER and THERMOMETER known, constantly on hand or made to order. mh11

JENNINGS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,
FOR OIL AND SALT WELLS.
No. 220 Rebecca street, Alleghany, Pa.
TOOLS WARRANTED MADE OF BEST QUALITY JUNIATA AND LOW MOOR IRON.
Parties dealing X can be furnished with an entire outfit for boring wells.
Orders addressed through Pittsburgh Post Office will receive prompt attention. mh81-6m

COPYING PRESSES.

COPYING BOOKS AND BRUSHES,
ENVELOPES,
PAPER of every description,
And a large supply of STATIONERY,
FOR SALE BY
W. S. HAVEN,
PRINTER AND STATIONER,
apll corner of Wood and Third streets.

JOHN HOORHEAD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FOR THE SALE OF
Pig Iron and Blooms,
No. 74 Water street, Pittsburgh.
Also, Agent for the Putnerville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for T rails, 56, 58, 60, 62, 65, 68, 70 and 75 lbs to the yard, and Street Rails. Philadelphia prices, 6,4 per cent. to be added.

GLOBE MARBLE WORKS,
No. 51 Wayne st., East side, near Pa. Railroad Passenger Station, Pittsburgh.
I would invite the attention of persons desiring anything in the marble line to call and examine my stock of finished monuments, grave stones, &c. Having secured the services of some of the best artists in the Eastern cities, I am prepared to execute any kind of work in my line in a style not to be surpassed.
mh18-6m R. A. OLIVILLE.

MEDICAL.

GEO. W. WHITE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office cor. of Montgomery avenue and Sandusky st.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
Formerly occupied by Dr. Bayer. ap26-1m

PARK & BRILL,
(Successors to J. P. Fleming,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Perfumeries, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods Generally,
ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Lead, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Dye Stuffs, &c.
Purchasers will always find prices satisfactory.
No. 77 Federal Street,
Third door below S. S. Depot.
ALLEGHENY CITY.
ap22-1y

J. J. BENDER & CO.,
NO. 341, COR. OF LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS
Offer for sale Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher, Sara. Wheelow's Soothing Syrup, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Cary's Cough Cure, Ransom's Hive Syrup and Tolu, Soodont, Seller's Cough Syrup, Carbonate Ammonia, Extract Calisaya Lieebica, Extract Logwood. dec

CHAS. H. SUPEE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, and 1st class TOILET ARTICLES,
CORNER PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,
PITTSBURGH.

PULASKI FIRE BRICK WORKS
JACOB S. PRICE,
MANUFACTURER OF
FIRE BRICK,
TILE AND FURNACE LINING.
GROUND CLAY ALWAYS ON HAND.
H. B. COLLINS, 95 Wood street, AGENT.
oct17-y NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER CO., PA.

JONES, BOYD & CO.,
Manufacturers of all kin of
STEEJ
forgat cor. Ross and Second street Pittsburgh.

WALL PAPER—
Room-linen and handsome, for sale at No. 107 M

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A BRICK HOUSE FOR SALE.—A two story HOUSE and LOT, in Hulton's Plan, 12 miles from Pittsburgh. Lot 80 feet front by 174 back. The House is 36 feet in front by 30 back, with Ell of 20 feet by 24, with shed the entire length, with Stable and other conveniences. The House is situated on Braddock's Fields Plank Road, and contains six rooms and second cellar, spring in cellar. If desired, the ground in the store and the furniture in the House will be sold. For terms apply to H. HAGEMAN, 342 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, or to
NEEL McINTIRE, on the premises.

VALUABLE STOCK FARM FOR SALE—Situated in Mercer county, 6 miles from Greenville. The Little Shumango creek passes through one edge of the farm, and a railroad station located on the place. Contains 270 acres, 240 of which is cleared and fenced. The buildings are a 2 story frame dwelling, 8 rooms and kitchen; also, a new one and a half story frame barn and a young orchard of choice fruit. The land is of the first quality, water in every field, and strong surface indications of oil. Altogether this is one of the best stock farms in Western Pennsylvania, is offered at a low price and terms easy. Apply to
B. McLAIN & CO., 10 Fourth street.

VALUABLE MANUFACTURING PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A manufacturing property situate in Pitt township, adjoining the city. The property has a Upper Water Lot with Wharf, having a river front of 240 feet by 240 feet on Penn street, on which there is a substantial three story brick building 40 by 160 feet, Engine House and sheds, all in good condition. This is one of the best locations on the river for manufacturing purposes, and will be disposed of upon reasonable terms. Apply with Real Estate and Insurance office of
C. A. BATES,
my13 Butler st., near Allen, Lawrenceville.

FOR RENT—
WAREHOUSE No. 6 WOOD STREET.
Inquire of
JOSEPH WOODWELL & CO.,
ap25-tf corner of Wood and Second streets.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—OIL LAND on Dutch Creek, Ohio, enough to form a Company of $50,000 capital, on time long enough to make the money out of the oil. A rare thing.
mh8-tf 31 Fifth street.

TO LET—Twenty acres of land, with good dwelling house, fruit trees and garden, two hundred rods from East Liberty Station. Inquire of C. H. ARNELL,
mh29 Fifth street.

FOR SALE.

Two three-story and one two-story Brick Dwellings, Nos. 1 and 3 Pennsylvania Avenue, within one square of the Canal Basin, each twenty-four feet front and substantially built in the best style, with all the modern improvements and conveniences, in balconies, &c., hot and cold water, &c. Enquire of
S. E. W. GILL,
No. 59 Fifth street, or
D. C. KING,
No. 70 Second street.
jn4-tf

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT. FOR SALE, that beautiful Homestead of the late COL. MORGAN ROBERTSON, of Pittsburgh, containing 187 acres, a large portion rich river bottom, with about 50 acres containing the best Pittsburgh Coal, and some 50 acres of hill land heavily timbered, also, balance under cultivation. The improvements in part consist of a good DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, a large Barn, and Out-Houses; a never-failing well of water at the door; varieties of Fruit Trees now in bearing; also, two Tenant Houses, &c. The Farm lies upon the bank of the Monongahela River, fourteen miles from Pittsburgh, and offer peculiar facilities for the Mining, Loading and Shipping of Coal, for building all kinds of Water Craft, for the most convenient and profitable disposition of the Timber, and other products of the land. The whole is offered for sale on most advantageous terms.
For particulars apply to
JOSEPH DILWORTH, Esq., of Dilworth, Craig & Co., or
THOS. J. KERNAN, Esq.,
Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.
mh29-tf

COUGHS! COUGHS!!
TRY STRICKLAND'S
MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

DIARRHŒA.

All the medical men and the press recommend Dr. STRICKLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Diarrhœa Antidotes, and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

PILE REMEDY.

DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has saved thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief, and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

TONIC.

We can recommend those suffering with loss of Appetite, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, to use STRICKLAND'S TONIC. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors. It strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally, and by
PARK & BRILL,
Wholesale Agents, No. 77 Federal St.
ALLEGHENY CITY.

And by
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Agents for Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Corner Wood and Diamond alley.
Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, 6 Knox Court St., Cincinnati, Ohio. no6-1y

W. & C. S. HERRICK,
IMPORTERS OF
STATIONERY,
Fancy Goods, Druggists' Articles, and French Perfumery,
DEALERS IN
Ivory, Raw Hora, Buffalo, and Rubber Combs,
Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes.
A full assortment of FINE ENGLISH CUTLERY constantly on hand.
STATIONERS' WAREHOUSE,
No. 75 John street, New York.
sel-1y

T. C. JENKINS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND PURCHASING AGENT,
No. 239 Liberty street, opposite Wood,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Dealer in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Cheese, Butter, Fruits, and all Farm Products.
Best brands Family Flour always on hand.
Also, REFINED OILS.
Prompt attention given to Consignments and Correspondence.
Weekly PRICE CURRENTS sent to consignors.
Refer to Orders and Consignments solicited. fe4

J. A. WILSON.....J. W. CARR.....D. S. CARDLE
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.,)
Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,
94 WOOD STREET
Third h Above Diamond alley,
1865 PITTSBURGH

FOR SALE—
ONE NEW UPRIGHT DRILL.
In course of construction, one 8 by 14, one 7 by 12, and one 7 by 30 inch. OIL ENGINES, with LOCOMOTIVE or FLUE BOILERS.
For sale at
M. DAGRADY & CO'S,
ap4 Engine Builders, Fallston, Beaver Co., Pa.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA
PARK BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of best quality Refined Cast Steel, Square, Flat and Octagon
AXE SLABS,
Warranted equal to any Imported or Manufactured in the country.
Office and Warehouse, Nos. 140 and 15 Strawberry alley, 120 and 122 Second streets, Pittsburgh. ap26

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIPS.

The firm of KLOMANN & PHIPPS, "Iron City Forge," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, either party to use firm's name in settlement.
ANDREW KLOMANN,
HENRY PHIPPS, Jr.

The CYCLOPS IRON COMPANY has this day been dissolved. Thos. N. Miller, former President, will attend to all unsettled business.
THOS. N. MILLER,
ANDREW CARNEGIE,
PIPER & SHEELER,
J. G. MATTHEWS,
Members of the Cyclops Iron Company.

STEAM GUAGES, &c.—ASHCROFT'S Gauges and Low Water Detectors.
SHAW & JUSTICE'S Mercury, Steam and Blast Gauge.
EASTMAN'S and other approved Gauges.
CLARK'S Patent Damper for saving fuel and regulating power at any desired amount of steam.
STEAM GUAGES, tested, repaired and adjusted.
CHAS. MAGGI,
my2-1y Agent for the above, 124 Third street.

GLOVES AND MITTENS,
FUR, KID, BUCK and other
Gloves and Mittens,
a full stock at
B. B. PALMER,
no29 84 Wood street.

STEEL & BAILEY, STOCK BROKERS, Wilkins HALL,

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

No. 37 Market street, Pittsburgh.

Buy and sell at market rates—
U. S. 6 per cent. 5-20 bonds.
U. S. do 1881 Bonds.
U. S. 5 per cent. 10-40 Bonds.
U. S. Seven-thirties.
U. S. 6 per cent. one year certificates.
And all other U. S. Securities, Bank Notes and Coin.
Stocks and Bonds of every description
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
se10

Finance and Trade.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

J. M. TIERNAN, Pres't. | H. R. MERTS, V. P.
S. S. BRIDGE, Secretary.

Sheets Daily at 10½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS MAY 15, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. 5-20's	101 00	101 50
do 10-40's	91 75	98 00
Gold	1 25	
Allegheny Valley R. R.		9 50
Connellsville stock, non-int	9 00	
do do interest	9 75	
Pittsburgh & Steubenville		7 50
Allegheny National		70 00
German Trust	1 40	
Allegheny & Pittsburgh, w th div.		9 00
Fleming and Bros' Farm		1 50
Oil Bank		7 50
Oil Creek and Cherry Run		3 50
Cherry Run Central		2 00
Ridcliffe	65	65
Cherry Run & Pit Hole		80
Pittsburgh and Philadelphia		1 65
Federal	90	1 00
Cherry Run and Pittsburgh		1 10
Ohio Valley		1 50
M'Aboy Cherry Run		1 00
Paxton		$ 12½
Ross	1 00	
Oil City & Pittsburgh		1 80
Western Pennsylvania		1 50
Duck Creek	$ 00	
Stella		50
Bergen		2 00
Star Wells		90
Banner		1 48
Macksburg		4 00
Cherry Run & Blood		1 00
Phœnix		1 60
Pittsburgh & Westmoreland		3 00
Phila., Lancaster & Cherry Run		1 00
Central Basin	65	
Mingo Coal		15 50

MONDAY, May 15, P. M.

Our local stock market is again in a stupor. Its condition is really anomalous. With the price of oil at a high figure and still looking higher, it is reasonable to expect oil stocks would sympathize with it. But such is not the case even with the dividend paying ones. Whether the expections of holders have been too extravagant, or not sufficient time elapsed as yet to accomplish a more thorough development of the territory of many of our local companies, oil shares are provokingly low, and the tendency is to keep them at a mere fraction. The true cause, however, is that the well sare no yielding oil in paying quantities, and until we hear of "strikes" that flow out daily the crude article by the hundred barrels, we may expect stocks to be dull. Dealers are not now disposed to discount "strikes," and it requires a big one to be felt in the Stock market. The feeling this evening on 'Change was decidedly weak, and bidders were exceedingly shy. Sellers were plenty, and it is a wonder that buyers don't come out and make investments when the opportunity is so favorable.

The only sale made at the People's Board was 200 shares of Tarr, Story and Cherry Run at 70. The closing quotations were rather nominal, but Ritchie was more sought after than it has been for the last six or eight weeks. The new arrangements entered into by this Company a few weeks ago is being felt favorably on this hitherto favorite stock. It may soon awake up, to the agreeable surprise of the stockholders. The following are the closing prices on the regular list called:

	Bid.	Asked.
Allegheny Gas	$28 00	$36 00
Acme		25 00
Allegheny River		2 50
Allegheny Valley		9 00
Allegheny & Pittsburgh		9 00
Banner		1 00
Bergen		1 50
Blood Farm and Ohio Pet		60
Central Basin	65	65
Cherry Run Central		2 00
Cherry Run and Blood Farm		85
Cherry Run and Pittsburgh	1 00	1 10
Cherry Run & Pit Hole		1 00
Duck Creek		8 00
Federal		1 00
Fleming & Blood		50
Fuller Reserve		50
Germania of Pittsburgh		2 00
Hemlock		1 00
Horsenick		80
Iron City		80
Merchant's	55	60
M'Ivoy & Cherry Run	90	95
New York and West Va		10 00
Onio Valley		3 00
Oil Creek and Cherry Run		3 00
Paxton		1 00
Pittsburgh and New York		1 00
Pittsburgh & Philadelphia	1 25	1 60
Revenue		1 25
Ritchie	45	55
Ross	2 45	2 50
Rynd Farm	20	30
Shirk Farm		50
Tack Petroleum, of New York	1 75	2 00
Tarr, Story and Cherry Run	66	70
Union Lubric		60
Western Pennsylvania		1 50
West Virginia, of Pittsburgh		1 30
Whitely Creek		1 00

—We learn by private telegraph from New York of a strike upon the land of the President Oil Company, at Hemlock Creek. The particulars are not given. If it should prove to be a good well, it will stiffen up the price of Hemlock, which adjoins the territory of the President.

—Oil stocks in the cities appear to have a still further downward tendency, with a few exceptions. Rynd sold to-day in New York at $2 77, which is the lowest figure it has reached; United States is firm at $20 75, having advanced upon rumors of a new well. It will recede if the reports are false, as the present well is not sufficient to justify paying 100 per cent. over par for the stock; as at the location of their well oil is worth two or three dollars per barrel less than at wells convenient to transportation.

—The accounts from the wells of some of our local companies are such as to warrant us in predicting one or more strikes soon, which will run the stock of the fortunate companies up far beyond present prices.

Gold is declining more rapidly than it ever advanced. There is no good reason why it should command a premium. The only causes of the original depreciation of greenbacks were doubts of the result of the contest and fears that it might be indefinitely protracted, or that the resources of the nation would be insufficient to repay its heavy expenditures. These doubts and fears have been removed. Capitalists estimate the credit of governments as correctly as they do that of individuals, and in a free market make their estimates for this government correspond with the risks they incur; but they cannot maintain exorbitant and unjustifiable rates. As the prospects of a successful issue have brightened, as the ability of the country to honor all the drafts of men and money necessary to crush the rebellion has been more and more clearly demonstrated, the premium on gold has declined to an almost nominal sum. For this same reasons which have made it fall from 280 to 130, must finally make it fall to par. The solvency of the Government, and its ability to maintain its credit are undoubted. The currency already serves all the requirements of domestic commerce, and at the rate at which the national loan is being taken, even a whole national debt can be funded in a few months, and specie payments resumed by the Federal Treasury, if such a policy should be deemed advisable.

There is plainly only one reason why to answer all legitimate purposes—the amount being, it is supposed, greater now than when the war commenced. One of its most important uses, that of being equally current as a circulating medium in all sections of the Union, is more conveniently aided by the new national currency. Those who have been hoarding it away in hopes of getting an exorbitant premium, or, in the fear of the final dissolution of the Union, that it only valuable money of the land, how see the fallacy of their calculations, and will soon be glad to rid themselves of a burden of some and inconvenient charge by depositing it in banks, or putting it into general circulation. It is gratifying to reflect that in this peculiary instance of law, patriotism has proved the best policy. Those who, in the darkest hours of national credit, when prices were most inflated, subscribed for the Government loan, paid in good but half of what their bonds sold for now. And those in gold would sell for new. And these who operated financially on the theory of the tidal rule, have learned a new meaning of the old legend that "the man recovered of the bite—it was the dog that died."—*Philadelphia Press.*

—The State Treasurer, it will be seen, gives notice to corporations delinquent in the return and payment of taxes, organized under any of the laws of this State, and to companies incorporated by other States, doing business within this Commonwealth, that have failed to make report to the Auditor General of dividends declared, capital paid in, value of stock, etc as required by law, that if proper returns not made within reasonable time, the companies will be subject to forfeiture of es as provided under the second section of the Act of April 26, 1864, it is a matter of much interest to the community generally, as if from neglect or other proper officers of the companies have and refuse to return and pay the taxes they may be, before they are aware, bereft of their rights and interests holders.

Boston Petroleum Mar

The market for Petroleum is dy The small stocks and light rec sustain prices notwithstanding speculators continue to hold o port demand continues in ate so little, comparatively, hea country this season, the supply in all the seaboard markets, as whereabouts of the bulk of t probably be appointed for, unless stocks have been hoarding it up purposes.—*Bulletin.*

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, Tuesday, May 16, 1865.

Business continues inactive, the demand being restricted to limited operations sufficient to meet the wants of the home market. The receipts of produce were sufficient for all ordinary purposes. The weather has changed; we have now warm, growing weather—how long it may continue we have no way of predicting. On the landing, trade was moderately active; a number of boats were engaged in receiving and discharging freight. The Bayard left for Parkersburg on time with a good trip; she will be followed this day by the Iron City, at noon. We have at this time a daily line of boats to Parkersburg. This will be of great advantage to these ports. The Emma Graham, from Zanesville, as usual had a good trip; she will return to-day at 4 P. M. Among the arrivals were the R. L. Woodward from Louisville, being her first appearance. She will wait a load in turn. The Maggie Hays came in from St. Louis, with a fine cargo of miscellaneous products. She will hold off for a few days and will load in turn for St. Louis. The favorite packet Armenia is loading for St. Louis and St. Paul, in connection with the Northern Line Packet Company. She is announced for this evening. The Highlander left yesterday for Cincinnati, with a good trip. The first class packet Canelia is the first boat for Cincinnati and Louisville. She is announced for this afternoon. The Armadillo and Centralia are in port. They have not yet commenced operations. They are waiting for their day. A large fleet of coal boats have left for the lower ports. If we are to judge by appearances coal ought to be cheap at the lower cities. On the Allegheny wharf business was active; the boats engaged in that trade are doing a large business. The Monongahela packets have resumed their trips. They were detained a portion of last week with high water. Trade appears brisk on that river. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

HAY—The receipts yesterday were larger than for some days past; prices, however, ruled about the same, 17 loads being disposed of at $21@25 ₱ ton. Baled was unchanged.

BUTTER—The market was steady, with a fair demand for home consumption; prices have been uniform for some days; we note sales 14 packages of prime roll at 25@28c; inferior sold at various prices.

EGGS—The demand was in advance of the supply; holders were firm in their views; 23c was the ruling figure; some 18 bbls were disposed of.

CHEESE—We have nothing new to note in regard to this article; the supply keeps pace with the demand; sales 40 boxes, new, at 20c; old, 23@24c.

FLOUR—There is nothing doing beyond small operations to meet the wants of the home market; the supply on hand is sufficient for local purposes. We note a fair amount of receipts by the river consigned principally to the eastern market. The rates from store by the dray load were: Extra Family, $8 25, $8 50@9 00, the latter figures were only paid for favorite brands.

POTATOES—The end of the season draws near; receipts are limited, and selling, holders being anxious to realize. Prices were somewhat unsettled, and were governed by the quantity offering; sales of 170 bush peach blows at 80c per bush.

BACON—Holders appeared firm in their views. The sales were to a fair extent for home consumption, but the supply on hand was ample for all demands. Among the sales we note as follows: Sugar cured hams, 20@22c; shoulders, 15@16c; ribbed, 18@18½; shoulders, 15@16c, 17@17½.

DRIED BEEF—Was in fair demand. Sales of 1,000 lbs passenger cured at 19@19½c.

LARD was unchanged, as regards prices or demand. Sales 8 tres Leaf at 19¾@19½c.

LARD OIL.—The market was steady, but prices remain unchanged, no change, said, 10 bbls No. 1 at 81 75, and 5 do No. 2 at $1 65 per gallon.

TEAS—The sales of this article show a wide range of prices, viz: Green Teas, Y. H., fine to choice $1 90@1 87; common to fair, $1@1 50. Gunpowder and Imperial, $1 70@2; mixed Teas, young, $1 40@1 80; Japan Teas, $1 90@1 75 ₱ lb.

LIME.—Prices have undergone no change.

SALT—The market is steady but not active. We note sales of 500 bbls at $2 90@2 75 per bbl.

GRAIN—Prices were about as unsettled as the oil. The demand was principally local. Buyers have made up their minds that prices will have to recede, hence we have but few sales to record. Oats—Sales 1,000 bush at 85c; 2 cars do at same figures; from store the usual advance was demanded. Wheat was not much inquired for, from wagon, was held at $1 80@1 85; white, $1 65@1 70. Corn dull and not wanted at present prices, ranging from 75@85c. Barley dull, being out of season. Rye dull. Groceries—Were unchanged, with a moderate demand for the various descriptions. As prices were unchanged we omit them.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, Tuesday, May 16, 1865.

The oil market yesterday was active, with a good demand for home use principally. One of the large refineries entered the market and purchased several round lots. Holders were firm in their views, and prices were a shade above those of last week. On the Allegheny wharf business was very active, and the boats engaged in the oil trade on that stream have about all the business they can manage. The receipts of oil since our last were large, amounting to 4,657 barrels. The sales of crude reach 4,685 barrels. The amount of oil and oil barrels on the wharf can be counted by the thousands. The arrivals were the Petrolia and Ida Rose with good trips. They will return this day. The departures were the Echo No. 2 and Petrolia No 2; they were loaded to their utmost capacity, and it is certainly astonishing the amount of business doing on that stream. The boats due to-day are the Belle and Leclaire No. 2. Our latest from Oil City reports a firm market with a steady demand at the wells and at Oleopolis. As prices were unchanged we omit them. A boatload of oil moored above the railroad bridge was sunk, last evening, about six o'clock. The oil floated down the river. One of the barrels that was brought to shore was marked "P." The owners of the oil we were not able to ascertain. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

REFINED OIL.—The market was steady but not very active. We note sales of 200 bbls of bonded, for June delivery, at 48c; some holders are now demanding 49c. Small sales were made for present delivery at 47c. Free oil was not so much fancied. The nominal rates were 67@68c, with an occasional sale at these figures.

BENZOLE—The market was quiet; prices were unchanged. The last sale of Free was at 45c ₱ gallon.

RESIDUUM, OR TAR, was in fair demand. We note sales of 500 bbls to go out of the market, at $8 50 ₱ bbl.

CRUDE OIL—Buyers were on hand early yesterday. Over 4,500 barrels were disposed of at good round figures. We note the following: 500 bbls bulk at 24½c; 700 bbls at 24½, packages counted in; 1,000 bbls bulk, delivered, at 25c; 1,000 bbls, taken from the wharf, 24½, packages returned; 1,000 bbls at 25½c, packages included; 85 bbls, not a prime article, 23½, bbls returned.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

Jno. Davis	900	A. L. Linton
Fisher Bro	880	J. Wilkins
J. Gallagher	182	W. B. Herron
H. McKelvey	835	W. P. Logan
J. Bann	387	H. H. Colins
Clarke & Feck	96	Porter, Miler & Co
J. T. Stoodsdale	582	Jas. Baxter
	4,657	

Imperis Oil per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING EAST.

W Macksewr, 218 bbls refined for New York.
Aladdin Company, 109 bbls benzine for Philadelphia.
J Reed, Jr, & Co 20 bbls engine oil for Altoona.
J Reed, Jr, & Co, 21 bbls engine oil for Philadelphia.

Boston Iron Market.

May 13.

IRON—With a greatly diminished consumptive demand, incident to the return of peace, the market for all descriptions is unsettled and rates tending down. Both foreign and domestic Pig have materially declined, the cost of manufacture having been reduced with the fall in coal.

We note small sales of Scotch No. 1 Gartsherrie and other brands, at $55@56; American No. 1 Leasding at $52@53 ₱ ton, cash. Charcoal Pig is unsettled and nominal. English Bar is dull and lower, with small sales at $115@120 ₱ ton for common sizes, and $125@130 for refined. American do $100@105 ₱ ton, cash. English Rails are scarce and held at $53@60 ₱ ton, gold price. American do, nominal, at $100@105 ₱ ton, cash. Nails are in moderate demand at 7c ₱ lb, cash, for assorted sizes.—*Bulletin.*

New Bedford Oil Market.

NEW BEDFORD, May 12.

The past week our market has been very quiet; the only sale to report is 70 bbls whale oil at p. m., which holders are asking $2 per gal for sperm, and $1 20@1 25 for whale, according to quality.

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River Matters.

Arrivals and Departures of Steamboats.

ARRIVED.

Telegraph	Bougher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmac	do
Fayette	Speers	do
Gallatin	Carlile	do

DEPARTED.

Telegraph	Bougher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmac	do
Fayette	Speers	do
Gallatin	Carlile	do
Bayard	Moore	Parkersburg.
Highlander	Kerr	Cincinnati.

THE RIVER—Last evening at twilight there were eleven feet water in the channel, and falling. The weather during the day was warm.

THE Parkersburg packet for this day is the steamer Iron City, Captain Noss. She leaves at noon. She has good accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers.

THE A No. 1 steamer Armenia is loading for St. Louis and the upper rivers. Persons going that way will be well cared for on this boat. Captain A. C. McCallam does the honors on deck, whilst McCallam, Jr., will be found in the office.

THE fine passenger steamer Camelia, Captain Jesse Dean is the next boat for Cincinnati and Louisville. For speed, accommodations, and attentive officers, this boat stands at the head of the list. The first clerk is Captain J. L. Lyttle, as clever an officer as can be found.

Cincinnati.—Monday's *Commercial* says: The river has swollen 43 inches during the 48 hours ending last night, last night it just commenced receding. There is 50 feet in the channel hence to Louisville. The Falls are navigable for the largest class steamers. The Tennessee is rising again. The Cumberland is rising, with 6 feet on Harpeth Shoals. There is 30 feet in the Mississippi from St. Louis to Cairo.

The Hard Times and Lorena, from Pittsburgh, passed down for St. Louis.

The Leonora No. 2 for Pittsburgh, departed. The following boats were advertised to leave Cincinnati for this port on Monday: Delaware, America, Nora, and Alice.

Monday's *Gazette* says:

UNRELIABLE DISPATCHES.—We fully indorse the following from the Louisville Press of Saturday:

At Pittsburgh yesterday, as we learn by private dispatch, there were twenty feet water, and the river rising fast. Our regular press dispatch reports the river unchanged since the day previous. The dispatches from Pittsburgh to the press have become a decided nuisance. When information in regard to the river from that quarter is most wanted it does not come at all, and when it does come, like the above statement, it is flagrantly incorrect. Is there no remedy for the evil?

The following steamers were at the wharf this morning: New York, Lady Franklin, Robert Moore, Kate Robinson, Nora, Miami, Delaware, Alice, Lawrence, Naugatuck, W. F. Curtis, Nevada, Majestic, Prima Donna, Emperor, Nightingale, Edward, Volunteer, Alice Dean, America, Eleanora Carrol, Portona, Lady Grace, Revenue, Emerald, Amelia Poe, Hard Times.

The Onward is receiving for the Arkansas River.

The Amelia Poe, which arrived from Pittsburgh yesterday, is a new boat, lately built at that place, and is on her first trip.

We yesterday were shown the indentures of Capt. Frank Batchelor as a Pilot of Pittsburgh in 1831, when Captain Frank was a young, innocent and handsome boy of fifteen.

Jeff. Cook took the rig on the 10th and shrewd business man, has taken charge of the office of the St. Charles.

The Ben Franklin has arrived here from St. Louis and reports the St. Cloud laid up for repainting and repairs.

New Orleans.—The *Picayune*, of the 7th, says: We could not remember of the levee yesterday one would imagine that mid summer had really come again. Yesterday was one of the hottest of the season, as the departing steamers showed by their crowds of passengers, all quite satisfied with their day's labor. The following were the departures: The Ben Frank Lee, for Memphis; the Mississippi, for Vicksburg; the Star, for Baton Rouge; the Una, for Lafourche, and Joseph Pierce, and Saratoga, for Bayou Sara. The arrivals were as follows: The Star, from Baton Rouge; the Bella Donna, from Bayou Sara; the Henry Ames, from Red River, and the Natchez, from St. Louis; and the new mail, from Louisville.

Saint Louis.—Saturday's *Democrat* says the river is about stationary. There is twenty feet water in the channel, with a rise of two feet on the rapids and one foot above Lake Pepin; twelve feet in the Illinois, five feet in the Missouri and six feet in the Cumberland.

The Upper Mississippi and Missouri are falling and the Illinois stationary.

Rainfall has become very dull about the river. The levee was a very quiet place yesterday.

The weather is cool and pleasant.

Louisville.—Saturday's *Press* says:

FORM OF A FLOOD.—The river continues rising at a fearful rate, and has already reached the sidewalks along the lower landing, the channel at the foot of the falls there were fully forty-five feet water this evening, having risen seven feet in 24 hours the river had risen over four feet. The weather has cleared off rather cool, with a heavy wind. The rain of the past week, it is thought the frost did no damage to the fruit, as it was too forward, but vegetables may have suffered.

During Tuesday evening and night a great deal of freight that had been left on the wharf was drawn back, but the rise was so rapid that day a lot of baled hay was washed away, and carried off down the falls.

Freights on the river have again declined, and the boats in port yesterday were taking pound lots at 8c ₱ 100 and salt at $1 ₱ bbl. Considerable whiskey, hemp and bale goods are made, including 3,000 bbls whiskey to-day.

The Norman and Tyrone cleared for Nashville last evening with full freights.

Iron.

The rapid decline in gold has entirely unsettled the iron markets, so that scarcely anything is doing. There have been sales of 150 tons of New York Lake Superior, delivered in stock at $48. American No. 1 is held at $42, but manufacturers will accept a lower figure for large orders. The market is excessively dull.

We reduce our quotations on bars $15 per ton below last week, and the iron can be bought for considerably less.

The following is in regard to the English trade, from Ryland's *Iron Trade Circular* of the 2d ult.:

THE IRON TRADE—Our markets at Wolverhampton and Birmingham were not very numerous yesterday, and there was little movement or much doing, although some few pigs changed hands, principally for deliveries for May and June; and we were told of a few new inquiries for manufactured iron, both Staffordshire and Welsh makers; and some few orders were given out, indeed more delivery being asked for, but buyers were pressing down prices. Little heed was taken in our market of the accumulative rise worked up in the Scotch markets, it being regarded as merely speculative on warrants, dependent upon a contingency liable to be postponed, and not based strictly upon orders, as every fair rise should be. It was remarked that a foreign contrast existed between the latest reports of the Scotch markets, which show a rise of 5 to 10 per ton, on the receipt of the same tidings to put up prices in Glasgow 5s per ton.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Parkersburg.

PER IRON CITY.—Fetzer & Armstrong 80 bales; owner 30 do; Clarke & Co, 12 hhds tobacco; owner, 31 bbls apples, 40 barrels feathers; J. McDonald, 1 boiler and engine.

Zanesville.

PER STEAMER EMMA GRAHAM, May 15, 1865.—Clark & Co, 9 hhds tobacco, 1 bbl vinegar, 8 do do apples, 40 do flaxseed 4 rolls leather; Ewing, Ball & Co, 1 do do; Jas Gardiner, 40 bbls molasses, 15 boxes candles, 6 do soap; J T Colvin & Co, 7 bbls flour; Jas Gardiner, 40 bbls flour; Voegtly & Kemp, 20 do flour; J Landis, jr & Co, 10 bbls flour; John Seiferth & Co, 1 lot stoneware; Fetzer & Armstrong, 4 bbls eggs, 2 pkgs butter, 1 do do; Jno Dunlap, 7 bbls flour; Jas Gardiner, and Joseph Pierce, and Saratoga, 1 pkg butter, 1 do do; Kerr, Speer & Co, 40 pcs bagging; Howard, Cottrall & Co, 1 sk wool; 40 pcs Pitt from Works, 2 cans butter, 1 bbl eggs, 1 box sundries; Bailey & Van Gorder, 7 bbls beans, 1 bbl Pearl, 1 bbl coffee sugar, 1 bbl sugar; Woolridge, 131 oil barrels; T C Penn, 1 hhd tobacco; J Rich, 1 basket butter, 1 barrel eggs; A Beamesdein, 18 beer kegs.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Imports per Cleveland & Pittsburg R R.

R T Kerr, 1 pkg; Fetzer & Armstrong, 1 pkg; Fetzer & Co, 20 tons metal; Kloman & Phipps, 235 pcs scrap iron; King & Co, 50 bbls white lime; Jas Gardner, 10 hhds flour; Lee, Gray & Co, 2 bbls leather; Jno Daub, 7 bbls cheese; N Lippert, 5 bbls eggs; Potter, A & G, 35 boxes cheese; Edward Haselton, 15 kegs barley; Strover & Lamb, 23 bbls pork, 10 bbls lard, 103 sks corn; Sampson & K, 146 bags wheat.

Imports per Allegheny Valley R. R.—Martin, Oliver & Co, 1 car iron.

Per Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & C. R. R.—McElroy & Co, 82 bdls broom corn; Knox & McKee, 202 bags skin stuff; Culp & S, 173 sks barley, 12 do rye; J Rhodes, 200 do barley; J R Rhodes 1 car wheat; S M Rhodes, 200 sks barley; Darlington Co, 25 sks oats; Shoemaker & L, 150 bbls flour; J S Liggett, 2 cars wheat; Culp & S, 200 bbls flour; Watt & W, 10 do; W Bingham, 8 cars oats.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

A complete set of
CARPENTER'S TOOLS.
Enquire at the Boots & Shoe store of
SOUTH & ROSS,
my16 61 Market street.

FAMILY BAROUCHE AND SPRING WAGON AT AUCTION.—This (Tuesday) morning, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at Masonic Hall Auction House, 53 Fifth street, one family barouche, nearly new, and one spring wag n.
T. A. McCLELLAND,
my16 Auctioneer.

SUPERIOR FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c., AT AUCTION.

THIS (THURSDAY) MORNING, MAY 18TH, o'clock, at residence No. 198, Penn street, on... Factory, will be sold a quan... ing solid mahogany and walnut parlor chairs, elegant dining and side ... rosewood sofas, mahogany side boards, ... mahogany dressing and plain ... ing 44 washing stands, cane tables, ... chairs, feathers, settees, ... carpets, and oil cloths, ... brace, linseys, &c., &c.
J. McCLELLAND,
Auctioneer.

New York Gold Market.

NEW YORK, May 15.

There has been no excitement in the gold market, though there is a decline from the latest quotation of Saturday. The price opened at 129¾, rose to 130⅜, and fell again to 130.

New York Money & Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 15.

Money active at 5@6 per cent. Sterling quiet 109¾@110; for gold and first class bills. Gold without decided change, opening at 129¾, advancing to 130⅜ and closing at 130⅛. Government stocks a shade easier. Weekly bank statement: Loans, $218,502,980; increase, $6,396,703; specie, $2,355,333; increase, $3,351,532; circulation, $31,187,57; increase, 2,933; deposits, $20,356,985; increase, $2,903,151; Legal tenaer, $6,662,537; increase, $720,631. Stocks stronger, Rock Island, 96; Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne, 94; Missouri 86½; do preferred, 92¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 63¾; Illinois Central, 116; Michigan Southern, 93¾; Quicksilver, 57. New York Central, 91½; Erie, 79¾; Reading, 92¾; Michigan Central, 86; Hudson, 104; Reading, 93¾; Michigan Southern guaranteed, 86½; Illinois Central, 116; Pittsburg, 66½; Rock Island, 96; Northwestern, preferred, 86¾; Fort Wayne, 93½; Ohio and Mississippi certificates, 29; Canton, 42½. The market was very active, but steady. Gold firm.

New York Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, May 15.

Petroleum dull. Crude, 37; re fined in bond 52; refined free, 72.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 15.

Cotton dull and fully 2 cents lower, at 59c for middling uplands. Flour 10@15c lower, at $6 35@6 50 for Extra State, $7@7 30 for Extra R. H. O., and $7 30@9 25 for Trade Brands, market closing heavy and nominally unchanged, declined change: Western $2 20, regular, and $2 10 time. Wheat dull and 2@3c lower; Michigan Club, $2 50@2 65, and $2 70@2 80 for White Canada; $1 40@1 80 for White State at $2. Rye dull and lower; Western at 99c. Barley dull. Corn dearer at 2@3c for new mixed Western, $1 for do, and $1 05 for old Western. Oats heavy and 1c lower; Southern, 70c. Oats opened 1c better and closed heavy at 52½@53c. Coffee dull. Sugar quiet, but firm; 100 hhds Muscovado at 12½c; 100 hhds Porto Rico, and Havana, 10½. Molasses dull. Wool dull. Pork opened heavy and lower, and closed dull and unchanged; new mess, $33 50, regular, $30 50@31 for 1865-6, cash and regular closing at $22, cash, $21 50 for prime, and $19 50 for mess. Lard heavy; 17½c for prime steam, 18½ for kettle rendered, and 19½@19 50 for new mess, May and June, seller's option, 23½@23 50. Beef steady at 12@15c for prime mess, and $23 50@24 for extra do. Butter dull and heavy; 500 bbls at $ 40@$ 55. Cut meats quiet at 14@15c for shoulders and 17@18c for hams. Bacon dull and nominal. Lard heavy and a shade easier at 17@18c. Butter dull and heavy at 14@22c for Ohio, and 25@26c for State. Cheese quiet at 18@21c.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 13.

Flour firm. Wheat steady; sales at $1 6½@1 10 for No. 1; $1 for No. 2. Corn quiet at 58@59c for No. 1; 56@57c for No. 2. Oats steady; sales at 44@45c. Barley dull at 80@90c. Provisions dull. Freights dull and unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 2,400 bbls; wheat, 15,500 bush; corn, 42,000 bush; oats, 5,000 bush; shipments, 709 bbls flour, 86,000 bush wheat, 31,000 bush corn and 9,000 bush oats.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 15.

Flour and wheat very dull, and nearly nominal to those seeking for sales. Corn, A 1 white, sold at $1 35. Oats are held at 90c. No change in corn or rye or barley. No sales of whisky, but 40 sales reported. Mess pork $2 per bbl, and old city packed sold at $24 00, closing dull. Nothing done in bulk meats or lard; prices also nominally unchanged. Sugars firm and in good demand at 12½@12¾, a quarter. Coffee dull and drooping. Gold, 127; silver, 118. Money market easy.

New York Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, May 13.

The Market for Crude has been very dull since our last, and prices are half a cent easier for the article. Refined is quiet and firm at 48@49 cents for 46@47 gravity, and 38 for 48 gravity 1000 do, for all this month, and 2000 do, for June at 48 cents, and 500 do, for July at 48½ cents. Oil sold yesterday afternoon for June, but we heard of no further sales. Refined in bond, on the spot, is in better request, and there has been a disposition to buy for forward delivery at full prices—the sales are but 850 bbls. Light Straw to White, in bond, at 52 cents. Crude, Straw to White, "Pennsylvania," 35½; 400 do, Light Straw to White, deliverable from now to 15th June, 50½ @ —; 2000 do, for June, 50 @ —; 1000 do, for July and August, 50 B. O.; and 500 do, for August, 67 B. O., closing nominally 50@50½ for previous quotations. Naphtha ranges firm at very dull and 1 cent lower, though most of the offerings now are ordinary grades of the article. Sales are 100 barrels Straw at 46c; 200 do Straw to White at 71@73½, and 50 do Prime White at 74½c, cash. The sales of Naphtha were 80 bbls at 42½c, cash, at 44c, cash, 150 bbls Residuum bonded, for June delivery, at 48c; some holders are now demanding 49c. Small sales were made for present delivery at 47c. Free oil was not so much fancied. The nominal rates were 67@68c, with an occasional sale at these figures.

BENZOLE—The market was quiet; prices were unchanged. The last sale of Free was at 45c ₱ gallon.

RESIDUUM, OR TAR, was in fair demand. We note sales of 500 bbls to go out of the market, at $8 50 ₱ bbl.

CRUDE OIL—Buyers were on hand early yesterday. Over 4,500 barrels were disposed of at good round figures. We note the following: 500 bbls bulk at 24½c; 700 bbls at 24½, packages counted in; 1,000 bbls bulk, delivered, at 25c; 1,000 bbls, taken from the wharf, 24½, packages returned; 1,000 bbls at 25½c, packages included; 85 bbls, not a prime article, 23½, bbls returned.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

Jno. Davis	900	A. L. Linton
Fisher Bro	880	J. Wilkins
J. Gallagher	182	W. B. Herron
H. McKelvey	835	W. P. Logan
J. Bann	387	H. H. Colins
Clarke & Feck	96	Porter, Miler & Co
J. T. Stoodsdale	582	Jas. Baxter
	4,657	

Imperis Oil per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING EAST.

W Macksewr, 218 bbls refined for New York.
Aladdin Company, 109 bbls benzine for Philadelphia.
J Reed, Jr, & Co 20 bbls engine oil for Altoona.
J Reed, Jr, & Co, 21 bbls engine oil for Philadelphia.

Boston Iron Market.

May 13.

IRON—With a greatly diminished consumptive demand, incident to the return of peace, the market for all descriptions is unsettled and rates tending down. Both foreign and domestic Pig have materially declined, the cost of manufacture having been reduced with the fall in coal.

We note small sales of Scotch No. 1 Gartsherrie and other brands, at $55@56; American No. 1 Leasding at $52@53 ₱ ton, cash. Charcoal Pig is unsettled and nominal. English Bar is dull and lower, with small sales at $115@120 ₱ ton for common sizes, and $125@130 for refined. American do $100@105 ₱ ton, cash. English Rails are scarce and held at $53@60 ₱ ton, gold price. American do, nominal, at $100@105 ₱ ton, cash. Nails are in moderate demand at 7c ₱ lb, cash, for assorted sizes.—*Bulletin.*

New Bedford Oil Market.

NEW BEDFORD, May 12.

The past week our market has been very quiet; the only sale to report is 70 bbls whale oil at p. m., which holders are asking $2 per gal for sperm, and $1 20@1 25 for whale, according to quality.

Philadelphia Iron Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.

Iron—The demand for Pig Metal is extremely limited, and prices are drooping. Sales of No. 1 Anthracite at $40, and No. 2 at $36 ₱ ton. 2,000 tons Forge were taken on terms kept secret. Cold Blast Charcoal Pig iron is held at $45 ₱ ton. Scotch Pig—Is dull and lower. Antrim is offered at $50 tons, just arrived, is held at $55 ₱ ton.

Blooms—Nothing doing to fix prices.

Manufactured Iron—We have only to record a continuance of the unsatisfactory condition of this market recorded for weeks past, and prices have declined fully $10 ₱ ton. Sales of Common Bars at $90@95 ₱ ton, and Railroad Bars at the same figures. 5,000 tons Rails, delivered in New York, were contracted for at $90 ₱ ton.

Nails—No transactions worthy of notice.—*Commercial List.*

Philadelphia Grocery Market.

May 13.

Coffee—An import of 500 bags St. Domingo has arrived, per Victoria, but it is not yet landed. The market has been extremely quiet since our last notice. Sales of 100 bags Rio at 18½@20 cents, in gold; and 50 bags Laguayra at 18c in currency.

Sugars—The market was rather more active early in the week, but, owing to the fall in gold, closed very dull. Sales of 300 hhds Cuba, 81 to 84 clayed. Cardenas at 12c; 100 hhds do Matanzas at 12c; 25 hhds and tcs Cuba Muscovado at 12c, and 100 hhds Iron Series Muscovado at 12c, by auction, 60 hhds Muscovado sold at 11½c, 4 mos.

Sugar—The market has been very quiet since our last, but the prices have not been lower, and prices remain without essential change. Sales of 300 hhds Cuba at 8½@9¾c, New York at 9@9¾ ₱ ton, cash. Molasses—At auction, on Thursday, 90 hhds Porto Rico sold at 37½@42c, 4 months.

Teas—The market is unchanged steady, without much animation. Various prices are maintained with firmness for both greens and blacks. Our revised quotations will indicate the range of prices.—*Commercial List.*

Philadelphia Oil Market.

May 13.

Oils—There has been a steady demand for Oils—There has been a steady demand for Fish Oils, with sales at 21 24@1 27. The inquiry for Fish Oils is extremely limited, and sales are confined to 7,000 gallons Crude at $1 20, and some Winter Sperm at $2 25. Refined Oil is dull, with small sales of winter Nocharge in Sperm